

United States Patent [19]

Howard

[54] METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RECONCILING DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF A FILE

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- [63] Continuation of Ser. No. 61,674, May 14, 1993, abandoned.
- [51] Int. Cl.⁶ G06F 15/00; G06F 7/00

- 395/200.19; 364/DIG. 1

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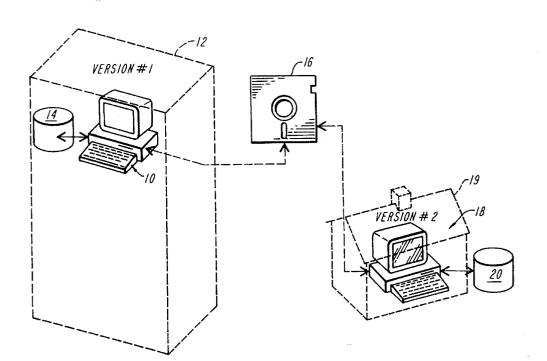
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[57] ABSTRACT

In a distributed file environment, a system for safely updating a file without risk of losing work performed at one site due to work performed on the file at another site uses a journal or log at each site which is updated after a file is modified. This log is compared with the logs from other sites before a file is used at any one site, so that new versions can be propogated automatically and safely to out-of-date sites, with the user immediately alerted if conflicting versions of the file exist at different sites. The reconciliation can be applied to collections of files, automatically updating only those files for which it is safe to and necessary do so. Since reconciliation occurs at times selected by the user, inconsistent or partially completed versions of files need not be propogated to other sites. Additionally, logs may be built incrementally by occasionally observing the state of the systems in terms of the files and their time stamps and creating additional log entries reflecting appearance, disappearance and changes of files. Furthermore, logs may be purged of obsolete entries by including additional log entries indicating the most recent time each site has participated in a reconciliation and deleting obsolete entries that all sites have seen.

4 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



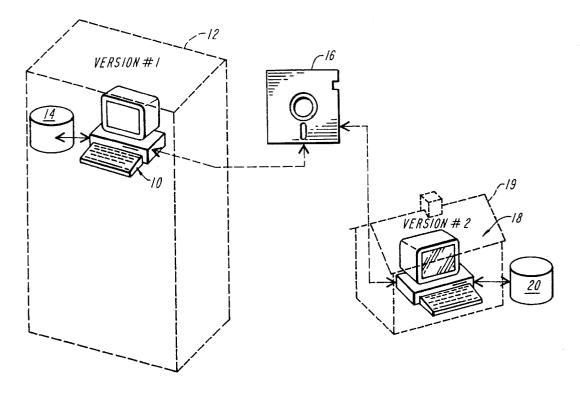
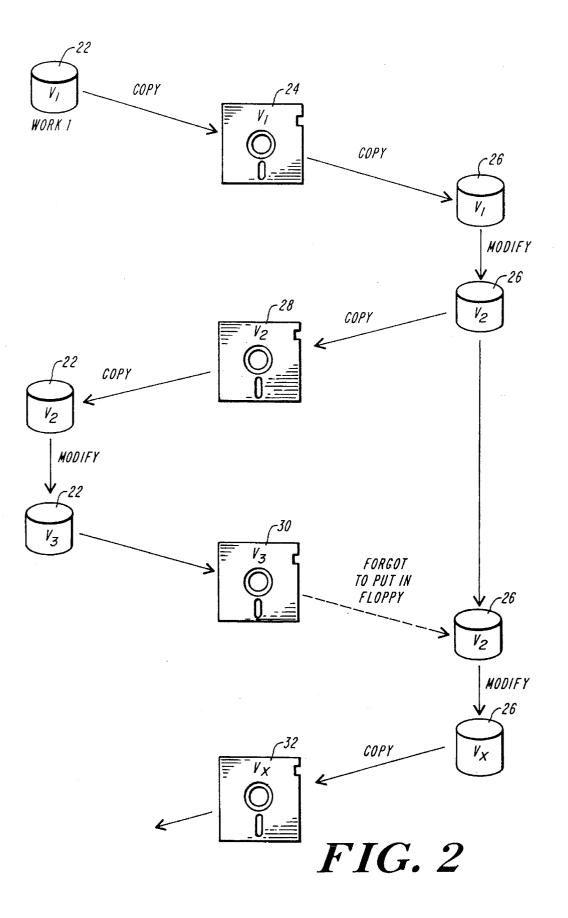
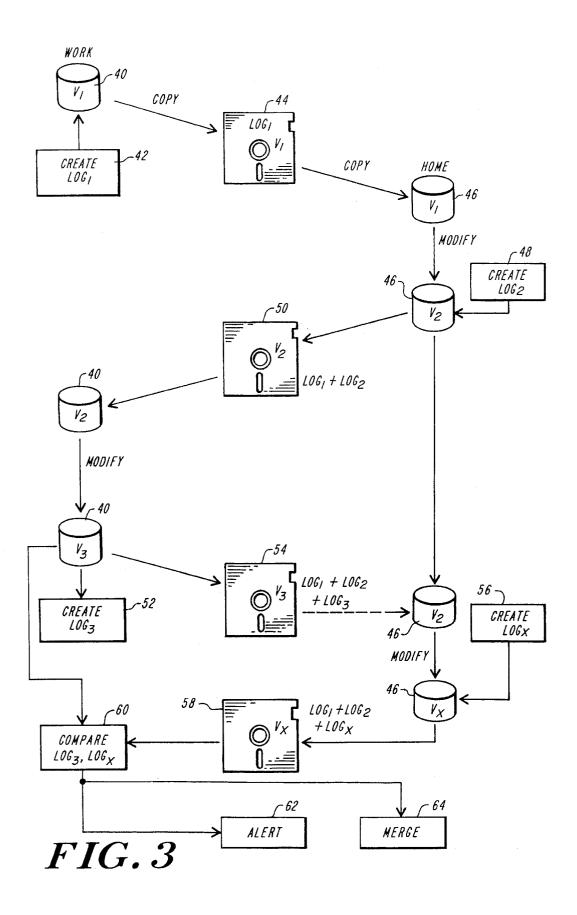
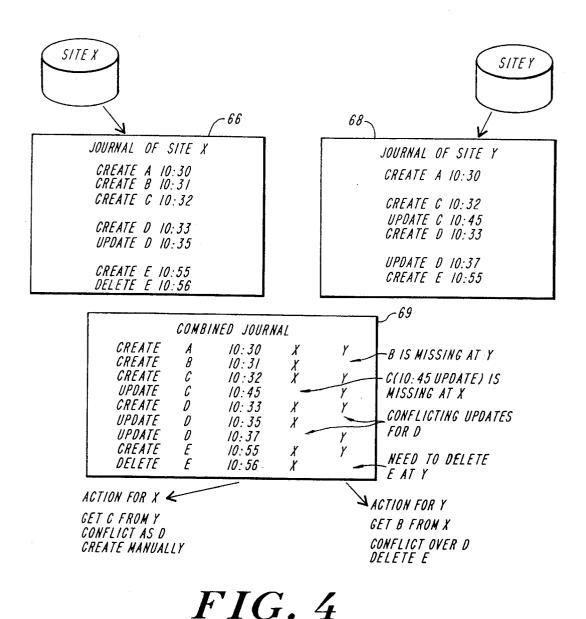


FIG. 1







				SI	TE
	OPERATION	FILE	TIMESTOP	HOME	OFFICE
JOURNAL	CREATE UPDATE	A A	4/19/93 10:22 4/20/93 8:30	~ ~	~ ~

UPDATE	NEEDED	: COPY	FROM	HOME	TO WORK
CREATE UPDATE	A A	4/19/93 4/20/93		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	→ŏ

DELETE NEEDED : DELETE COPY AT WORK

CREATE B 4/19/93 10:35
DELETE B 4/20/93 8:15

CONFLICT DETECTED

CREATE UPDATE	C C	4/19/93 10:35 4/19/93 11:00	ŏ	~ ~
UPDATE	C	4/20/93 8:30	\sim	0

FIG. 5

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RECONCILING DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF A FILE

This is a continuation of application Ser. No. 08/061,674 5 filed on May 14, 1993, now abandoned.

FIELD OF INVENTION

This invention relates to distributed file systems and more 10 particularly to a method and system for reconciling different versions of files, in which the files are stored in computers at two or more separate locations or sites.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

There is a problem, especially with the portability of computers and floppy disks that a given file, for instance, in a lap top may not reflect the same information or data as the same file at a desktop or fixed work station.

This is because work is frequently taken from location to location. As frequently happens, a file created at a fixed work station at the office may be modified at a remote location, such as one's home, by merely transporting a disk or diskette containing the file and modifying it at the remote location. 25 Multiple versions of the same file can also exist in distributed networks when files are modified or manipulated by multiple users.

Problems thus arise when the versions of the file at two sites, such as home and office, do not agree because they ³⁰ have not been identically updated. This can occur by accident when one forgets to transport a floppy disk from one location to the other; or when one forgets to load the disk altogether.

It is of course desirable to have some synchronization ³⁵ between versions of the same file when created or modified at two different sites. For instance, it is possible to have the same version of a file at two sites and only access one at a time. When, however, versions of a file are created at two sites, it is important to be able to update or reconcile the files at both sites so as to appropriately update both files, or only one file.

In the past, systems have compared the times that a file was updated at different sites, have automatically selected the most recent version, and have copied this version into the appropriate file at both sites. Such systems include the Novell, Netware, Sun Microsystems Network File System (NSF) and Andrew File Systems. All of these systems have problems with their automatic updating procedures.

It is also a feature of NFS, Andrew File System, and, Netware that they automatically alter files immediately after they are modified. This results in significant performance problems as new versions of files are transmitted. Moreover all updates are distributed throughout the network, exposing 55 raw work product to all on the system. It can also be an embarrassment because of the automation process, where those connected to the distributed system immediately have knowledge of new unedited data and changes.

It will of course be appreciated that when there are 60 multiple users or contributors to a single file, such as in writing software, or as in editing documents, it is very important to alert all users of the same file as to what others are doing so that at some point there is control in each of the users as to what updating or reconciling of multiple versions 65 of the file will be permitted. It is particularly annoying for the writer of software to have someone else edit his software

without his knowledge. Likewise, it is equally unfortunate for the word processing public to have one user edit a work without giving adequate notice to the other user.

More specifically, an inadequate solution to the problem of multiple versions of the file at different locations exists in distributed file system technology as represented by the NFS, Andrew, Apple Share, Novell, and Research Systems software such as Coda and Ficus. All of these systems give the impression of being a single global file system. The advantages of having a single global file system are automatic updating, sharing, and familiar time sharing systems semantics. However, the problems with such systems are that they fail or degrade when disconnected, are unpredictable in performance, are unacceptable in that updates are at the system's convenience and not at the user's, and that they require a modified operating system, often requiring a single vendor.

Another inadequate solution to the problem of multiple revisions of a file is found in the explicit file transfer technology associated with diskette/tape, E-mail, Lap-Link and file transfer protocols. What these systems attempt to do is copy files and carry or mail them. While the advantages are complete user control, flexible transport, and conversion between different systems, the disadvantages include complicated and error-prone protocols, in which overwriting of useful data can occur accidentally and in which there are no "merges" of different versions.

In all these systems, the most recent version of the file in one computer is automatically copied to the other. Thus, current programs seek to establish which file is correct by date and time, a technique called "time stamping". However, these types of systems are far from failsafe. For instance, assuming one wishes to delete a file on a lap top, deleting the file at the lap top may not result in deleting the file at the fixed work station, but rather in restoration of the obsolete file found at the work station. Thus automatic reconciling systems are error-prone.

More generally, if some work is to be accomplished on a file in more than one place, then it is possible that neither supercedes the other. Time stamp based reconciliation thus will possibly result in over-writing relevant information. As a result, user's work embodied in the older version may be lost without any warning. It is also possible that this will only happen when one forgets to hook up the computers for the reconciliation between versions of the file.

What is important is to know when a file has been edited in two places, what has been done, whether or not to authorize a merge of the two versions, and on what basis. It 50 is therefore important to devise a system by which a merge is done in a safe way. It is also important to provide a system in which conflicts are recognized, with the conflict not necessarily being resolved automatically, but rather at the option of an individual operator who has been alerted to the 55 fact of a conflict.

Note that one prior art way of determining a conflict is the so-called "journaling" technique which is to keep a record of what has transpired at one central location. Using a single centralized computer, a forward log or journal type of reconciliation may be accomplished.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

However, rather than keeping a centralized journal, it is a feature of the present invention that each computer or system keep its own journal. The journal, which is a history of file versions, indicates the file which is edited and its

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date/time stamp. Optionally the journal may also keep a detail of the type of editing that was involved should a conflict be determined.

For reconciliation, if the files are the same and the journals agree, there is no conflict.

On the other hand, when one works on one computer but not the other, and the resulting files are subsequently to be merged together, the Subject System first compares the two journals to see if one has more journal entries in one than the other. Note the comparison may be facilitated by in a merge 10operation. Once having determined that there are differences in some of the journal entries, then the system automatically copies those files for which the journal indicates no conflict, and alerts the user so that actions can be taken to resolve any conflict found.

Different versions of the same file are thus reconciled by each computer maintaining its own journal and by the comparison of the two journals at times specified by the user, with the reconciling system automatically updating file 20 revisions when appropriate, or providing the user with an indication that such automatic updating is inappropriate.

Specifically, the Subject System can be configured to either delete a file which has been determined to be the non-desired file, or to copy the most recent file, in a 25 replacing operation, into the computer which does not have the most recent file. At some point the journals of both of the computers will be in synchronization. Thereafter if no journals change, there need be no indication made to the user that a conflict exists. If one of the journals changes at only 30 one site, then it is possible to simply instruct the machine at the other site on command to do the same actions. However, if both journals are changed, it is very important to alert the user that a conflict cannot be resolved.

Note, in the Subject Invention, not only does reconciling 35 include the concept of copying or deleting, one can increase the level of detail of the individual entries in the logs that are filed to alert the user that a simple merge/purge performed on a time stamp basis will not work. For example, if the user is warned, the user may run a program called DIFF which 40 highlights the differences between the two files. At that point, the user may decide which of the two files he prefers or which changes should be made in what file.

Thus, in the Subject Invention, in a distributed file system, instead of giving the user the impression that there is only 45 one set of files, the system provides user with the impression that there are different versions of a file which must be occasionally reconciled, although only at the convenience of the user. The Subject System solves the problem of multiple versions of the same file by reconciling on demand. Each 50 computer has a local version of the same data, reconciled by comparing journals of local changes, with user intervention being called into play if conflicting changes are discovered.

Applications for the subject reconciling system include file cataloging and reconciliation, office applications and 55 database management systems. Hardware can involve organizers, palm tops, pen based tablets and notebooks.

Further applications of the Subject System include merging records within files. Moreover, it is possible to batch 60 update by exchanging journals.

It is an important feature of the subject invention that the reconciliation may be invoked under user or application control, either at the beginning or end of a working session or overnight, for instance.

In summary, in a distributed file environment, a system for safely updating a file without risk of losing work performed 4

at one site due to work performed on the file at another site includes maintaining a journal or log at each site which is updated after a file is modified. This journal is compared with the logs from other sites before a file is used at any one site, so that new versions can be propogated automatically and safely to out-of-date sites, with the user immediately alerted if conflicting versions of the file exist at different sites. Different versions of the same file are thus reconciled by each computer maintaining its own journal and by the comparison of the two journals at times specified by the user, with the reconciling system automatically updating file revisions when appropriate, or providing the user with an indication that such automatic updating is inappropriate. The reconciliation can be applied to collections of files, automatically updating only those files for which it is safe to and necessary do so. Since reconciliation occurs at times selected by the user, inconsistent or partially completed versions of files need not be propogated to other sites. Additionally, logs may be built incrementally by occasionally observing the state of the systems in terms of the files and their time stamps and creating additional log entries reflecting appearance, disappearance and changes of files. Furthermore, logs may be purged of obsolete entries by including additional log entries indicating the most recent time each site has participated in a reconciliation and deleting obsolete entries that all sites have seen.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other features of the Subject Invention will be better understood taken in conjunction with the detailed description in conjunction with the drawings of which:

FIG. 1 is a diagrammatic representation of the transfer of versions of a file from an office computer to a remote location, for instance, in the home;

FIG. 2 is a diagrammatic representation of the problem of generating two different versions of the same file through the modification of the file at two different locations;

FIG. 3 is a diagrammatic representation of a method for reconciling versions of a file including the creation of logs at various sites and the comparison of the logs prior to permitting either automatic updating or manual updating when a comparison between the logs indicates a discrepancy;

FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating the generation of journals at two sites, forming a combined journal, detecting a conflict, and providing actions based on conflict resolution: and

FIG. 5 is a series of diagrams indicating journals and situations where no update is needed, an update is needed, a delete is needed, or a conflict is to be indicated.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring now to FIG. 1, in a typical operational setting, Version #1 of a file may be created at a fixed terminal 10 at an office 12 in which the version created at terminal 10 is stored in a storage device 14. The information in this file may be transferred as via a floppy diskette 16 to a computer 18 at a home site 19, with the file being modifiable so as to produce a Version #2 which is stored in a storage device 20.

Referring now to FIG. 2, it will be seen how it is possible to modify files at two different sites or locations such that work performed in the file may not necessarily be on the most recently updated file. As can be seen, Work 1 in storage device 22 contains the Version #1 which is copied onto a

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diskette 24 that is then copied into storage device 26 at a remote site or location. The information in storage device 26 may be modified so as to produce a Version #2 at 26 which is then copied, for instance, onto a diskette 28 that is copied into storage device 22 at the first site as Version #2. This version may be further modified and placed in storage as Version #3. Thereafter this version may be copied onto diskette 30 which is intended to be downloaded to storage device 26. However in the process either the disk is lost or not downloaded, at which point the modification as illus-10 trated at V_x is copied onto a diskette **32**. It will be appreciated that there is now a problem in that Version #3 is different than Version V_x , which was created by modifying Versions V_2 as opposed to Version V_3 . This creates an error which is difficult to rectify and may be unnoticed.

The problem, of course, is that these are two versions of the same file. The first version will be Version Three and the second version will be Version X. Merely updating one of the computers with one version or the other will not solve the problem of reconciliation, because Version X does not 20 have the updates of Version Three. Thus it is impossible to automatically update either of the versions at either of the different locations; and it is for this reason that time stamp based systems for reconciliation fail.

Thus, in terms of a typical scenario, considering the case 25 of writing a book using personal computers at office and home, carrying files back and forth on a diskette, the normal procedure is to copy all the working files from the diskette to the computer about to be used, edit one or more chapters, and copy the edited files back to the diskette when done. 30

As a result one has three different copies of the files, one stored in the office computer, one at home, and one on the diskette. Even though there are really three copies, one thinks of them as being different versions of the same files.

35 If one forgets to copy the files edited at the office, one can then go home with an out-of-date diskette. The diskette carried home is then copied to the home computer and editing continues, not noticing that one is starting with stale information. The next day the updated files are copied back to the office computer, losing the previous work.

There are some things one can do to help protect against this common error. For example, some file copying programs have an option to check dates and refuse to replace a newer version of a file with an older one. This helps 45 considerably, but is not perfect. It does not detect the error described above, for example, since the versions of the files edited at home in the evening do have a later date than the versions edited yesterday at work. It also fails to handle the case of deleting obsolete files.

Referring now to FIG. 3, the subject file reconciling system solves the above problems by embedding a program called RECONCILE in a system which detects conflicting updates, so one can use it to update files safely. The system will replace a file with a later version only if it is sure that 55 the later version was derived from the one being replaced. If the file to be replaced is not an earlier version, the system will report an error so that one can resolve the conflict.

More specifically, assuming that a Version #1 of a file is stored at a storage device 40, the Subject System creates a 60 log, Log_1 here illustrated at 42. When Version V_1 is copied onto a diskette 44, Log₁ also appears on the diskette. This diskette may then be loaded into a storage device 46 at a remote location, where the Version #1 storage may be modified to produce Version #2, which is again stored at 65 storage device 46. Concommitant with the modification of Version #1 to Version #2, a further log is created, Log_2 as

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illustrated at 48. When this file is to be transferred to the work location, it is downloaded to a diskette 50 which contains not only Version V_2 , it also contains Log_1+Log_2 , as illustrated. This is downloaded back to storage device 40 at the original work location which may be modified as illustrated by Version V_3 again stored at storage device 40. Upon modification of the V_2 version, the system creates an additional log, Log_3 as illustrated at 52.

Again, when this version of the file is to be transferred to the remote location, it is downloaded to a diskette 54 which then contains not only Version V_3 , but also Log_1+Log_2 $+Log_3$. This diskette, however, in the example given is not downloaded to storage device 46. Rather, as inadvertently sometimes happens, V_2 is modified to produce Version V_x . At the same time that V_x is formed, a log, Log_x , is created as illustrated at 56. Version V_x may ultimately be transferred to a diskette 58. This diskette will have Version V_x downloaded to it plus $Log_1+Log_2+Log_x$. If diskette **58** is then to be loaded back into the storage device 40, upon accessing of this file a unit 60 compares the logs previously generated at the work site, with the logs associated with diskette 58 which has been loaded at the worksite. The result of the comparison step is either to alert the operator at 62 to a difference in the logs for this file which will not permit automatic updating, or permit automatic updating as indicated by merge 64.

This being the case, a system is provided through the comparison of logs to either permit automatic updating or to alert the user that automatic updating is inappropriate.

In the scenario of FIG. 3, neither the office nor the evening versions of the files were derived from the other, so REC-ONCILE will prevent the system from overwriting them. Note the versions were both derived from the same earlier version, but not from each other.

The system knows when one version of a file was derived from another by keeping a history of past versions of files. If one history indicates that a file has gone through Versions #1, 2 and 3 while the other has only Version #1 and 2, it is safe to copy Version #3. But if one history shows Versions #1, 2 and 3 while the other shows Versions #1, 2 and 4, there is a conflict since neither Version #3 nor Version #4 was derived from the other.

More specifically, FIG. 4 shows how two journals are reconciled. Starting with the two separate journals, for Sites X and Y, here illustrated at 66 and 68 respectively, each journal or log contains entries describing the history of five files, named A, B, C, D and E. In addition to the file name, the journal entries indicate the action which was taken, either Create, Update or Delete, and the time which that action was taken, at that particular site. For example, the journal of Site X shows that file E was created at 10:55 and deleted at 10:56. Note, only times are shown for convenience, since the log typically indicates both time and date.

Note that the journals are ordered by file name: A, B, C, D and E; and by timestamp for the same file name. Journals are combined by merging them according to this rule: Identical entries (including the action taken) are combined into a single entry during the merge. The combined journal as illustrated at 70 also records which sites had each entry. This could be X, Y, or both X and Y. For example, the combined journal shows that E was created at 10:55 known to both X and Y, and deleted at 10:56, known only to Site X.

The goal of reconciliation is to bring the individual journals up to date by performing missing actions. Thus, in FIG. 4, the missing creation of file B at Site Y can be fixed by copying file B from Site X to Site Y. The missing update

of C at X can similarly be fixed by copying C from Site Y. In the case of file E, the missing action is a deletion, which can be corrected by deleting the copy of file E at Site Y. As these reconciliation actions are taken, the missing journal entries are filled in and the individual journals updated.

There is a conflict in the case of file D. Both sites agree that the file was originally created at 10:33, but they show independent updates occurring at different times, and neither site knows about the other site's update. The automatic reconciliation procedure reports this conflict rather than replacing either version, leaving it up to the user to perform whatever correction or merge of the individual files is necessary.

By way of further description, the following definitions are useful in understanding the Subject Invention.

For purposes of this invention, a file is a body of closely ¹⁵ related information stored in a computer. Typical examples of files would be documents edited with a word processor, or spreadsheets, or messages. Each individual memorandum, letter, or book chapter is kept in its own file. In addition to its contents, a file has a name and a timestamp. The name ²⁰ identifies the file in general and the timestamp indicates when the file was created or changed. As time passes, a file with the same name will have different versions, which can be distinguished by their different timestamps.

A directory is defined as a collection of files. Usually the ²⁵ files in a directory have some loose relationship, for example that they are all part of some larger body of information like the chapters in a book; or that they were created by the same person, relate to the same topic, or are owned by the same organization. Directories also have names, and may also ₃₀ have timestamps, although directory timestamps are not very useful.

Most computer systems allow files and directories to be arranged in a hierarchy or tree, which means that directories can contain subdirectories. An advantage of subdirectories is 35 that more closely related files can be grouped together. To find a file one works one's way into the successive subdirectories until the desired file is reached.

A working session is defined as a period of work on a single computer. During the course of a working session, 40 files may be in an incomplete or inconsistent state. One ordinarily doesn't want to make a permanent record of these files or to send copies elsewhere. Usually one tries to finish a day's work by cleaning up the inconsistencies before ending the working session, although occasionally a session may last several days. Note, a session can be anything one chooses. It is, however, important to note that one doesn't use RECONCILE to copy files during a working session, but only at the beginning and/or end.

A site is a specific storage location for a directory hierarchy. As understood herein, several sites are considered as all containing versions of the same directory hierarchy. These versions may be the same or different. The basic purpose of the Subject System is to combine hierarchies at different sites, making them all the same by safely updating versions of individual files. 55

One should not think of a site as being the total disk storage on any one computer. Usually a site would contain a number of unrelated hierarchies defined according the user's convenience. A personal computer, for example, might contain separate hierarchies for system software, ⁶⁰ installed applications, and one or more individuals' working files. While actual systems often glue these into a single super-hierarchy, it is easier to think of them as being separate.

A site may also be nothing more than a diskette. In fact, 65 the way one copies files to and from the diskette in the above scenario is to reconcile the diskette version with the com-

puter at home or office that one is copying to or from. At the beginning of a working session, the Subject System will detect newer files on the diskette and copy them to the computer. At the end of the session, the Subject System will detect newer files on the computer and copy them to the diskette.

By way of definition, a journal is a history of file versions. To do its work, the Subject System creates a journal for each site, merges them to look for missing versions, and either updates by copying more recent non-conflicting versions, or else reports errors if there are conflicts.

As with database journals, the journals used by the Subject System contain not only names and timestamps but also actions. For this system these are very simple: either "update" or "delete", which can be inferred from the fact that a previously-present file has disappeared.

Including deletion operations in journals means that reconcile can safely propagate deletions to other sites, again checking for conflicts.

There are actually two kinds of journals: internal and external. An internal journal is stored as a special file within the directory it describes. In each hierarchy, each directory has its own internal journal. An external journal contains the same information, but has been extracted into a separate file, and stored somewhere else. Although this system can use both kinds, it can only update to or from internal journals. External journals may be used as sources of information about necessary updates, but the actual files and directories involved are not directly accessible.

One implementation of the Subject System is described in the version of RECONCILE attached hereto as Appendix A.

The simplest and standard way to use RECONCILE is to apply it to several directly accessible sites such as mounted disks or diskettes. For example the command

reconcile . a:\

would reconcile the current working directory (named "." in most systems) with the diskette in drive A. The order of the two parameters doesn't matter. In this scenario, RECON-CILE would be run when one begins using either the office or the home computer, and again at the end. So long as one never forgets to do this, all updating is automatic. One can even delete obsolete files without having them "come back" at the other computer.

Suppose one does happen to forget to reconcile at the beginning or end of a session, and one then updates some file. The next time one reconciles with the two conflicting versions of the file, one will obtain the error message:

reconcile: Conflicting Versions, ./oops and a:oops

At this point the two users should consult their memories of what the conflicting updates were, or use a tool such as diff to find and display the differences between the two versions. One now edits one or the other to merge changes, if necessary. Finally, the resulting good version of the file is copied to the other site, replacing the bad version there, usually a copy program which copies the timestamp as well as the contents. This will leave a record of the conflict in the journals, but since there is a more recent, non-conflicting version at both sites, RECONCILE will not indicate any conflict.

In one embodiment, the Subject System builds journals by comparing the actual directories with the previous versions of its own journals each time it is run. This means that it makes sense to run RECONCILE even for a single site: reconcile.

This updates the internal journal of the current working directory. If one makes several successive versions of a file, RECONCILE will only see the last one since the last time it was run. This can actually be an advantage since the other

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versions are of no particular significance as long as they are not transmitted to any other site.

One can choose how often one wants to run RECON-CILE. Even if one forgets to run RECONCILE at the end of a working session, one will not lose anything permanently. The cost of forgetting a reconciliation will be an increased probability of conflicting updates, needing manual intervention at a later time.

Other applications for the Subject System are as follows:

Supposing the joint writing of a research paper with a 10 colleague, one stores the various sections of the paper in a directory to which each has access. Ordinarily both users communicate directly to avoid conflicting updates, but sometimes one of the users forgets. This is handled with RECONCILE. Each user makes a private copy of the entire directory. Assuming the directories are named -tom/paper, ¹⁵ -dick/paper, and -public/paper, and that Tom is the user in question, before beginning a working session, Tom performs the command

reconcile -tom/paper -common/paper

20 At this point there may be conflicts. If there are, Tom may need to give Dick a call to resolve them. Having done Tom is sure that his working version of the paper is in agreement with the shared version. During the course of the work various sections might be temporarily wrong, or inconsistent with each other, but since this is just a working copy and not 25 the public version, Tom is not concerned. Eventually Tom will be happy with the final version having proofread it, and checks it back in with exactly the same command as above.

COMMAND SYNTAX

The syntax of the "RECONCILE" command is

reconcile [options] [[-mode] (directory file)] . . . If no directories or files are provided, the current working ³⁵

directory (".") is used.

directory	names a directory containing an internal journal
file	and files names an external journal describing some remote site

("-" refers to an external journal on standard input or output) mode is one or more of the following letters:

-		
	r	read the journal but don't write it
	w	write the journal but don't read it
	0	do not update files, only the journal

Option parameters are:

-q	work quietly, suppressing messages about actions taken
-n	do not update any files (except journals) regardless of -u flags
-h	print a helpful description of the command syntax
-a sitename	Abandon named site. Use this to forget
	about a site which is no longer in use.
	This allows the program to discard obsolete
	journal entries needed only for
	reconciliations with old sites. Sites are
	automatically abandoned after two months,
	with warnings being printed after one month.

As to environment, in addition to command line parameters, RECONCILE gets a name for the computer system 65 being used from the environment variable \$HOST, using "UNKNOWN" if it is undefined.

As to the overall sequence of events, RECONCILE performs its processing in the following general steps:

1. Parse parameters, building a list of sites to be reconciled. If no sites are given, use "." (the current working directory) as the only site.

2. Read the old journal file for each site.

3. For each internal site, update the journal by examining the files currently present at that site.

4. Update the list of known sites and their most recent reconciliation times. Events known from these times to be obsolete at all known sites will be discarded.

5. Perform the actual reconciliation, detecting conflicts and replicating files when there is no conflict. Update the internal journals accordingly.

6. For each site, write out an updated journal file.

These steps are described in more detail below.

As to the parameter parsing step, Step 1, this is a straightforward process of examining the parameters sequentially. It is performed by procedure "main" in module "reconcile."

For reading and writing journals as in Steps 2 and 6, journals read by procedures "readjournal" and "readentries" in module."journal", and write by procedures "writejournal" and "writeentries". The journal file format is editable text, described in the Journal File Formal section below.

As far as updates from the actual directory as in Step 3, journals are brought up to date with reality by reading the actual directory and inserting journal entries accordingly. This work is done by procedure "readdirectory" in module 'journal." Current directory entries are considered one at a time. For each one found, a new journal entry for the site, time, and filename is created if none exists, and the new or existing entry is marked as having been confirmed.

After the entire directory has been read, a pass is made through the journal looking for unconfirmed entries. An unconfirmed entry indicates that a file once existed but no longer does; that is, that it has been deleted. For each such unconfirmed entry, a new journal entry is created with a deletion action and the current time as its timestamp.

For reconciliation as in Step 5, the actual reconciliation is 40 performed on the internal representation of the journals by procedure "reconcile" in module "journal."

Reconciliation is performed only for the current entry; that is, the most recent entry for the file. Previous entries refer to out-of-date versions of the file. The goal is to make the entry and file present at every site. For each site at which the entry is not present, the program first checks to see if there is a conflict, see below. If there is none, the file is then copied from any site at which the current entry exists. Copying the file may actually be deleting it if the current 50 event is a deletion event, or may involve creating or deleting a directory or symbolic link. Copying and deleting is done by procedures in the site module, since the action to be performed may depend on the type of site.

Detecting inconsistencies is accomplished as follows. A conflict exists for a site if the site does not have the current version of a file, but does have some previous version, and the current version is not derived from the previous one, as defined below. Existence of derivation shows that the current version came from the previous one by a connected series of user actions. This implies that it is safe to replace the prior version with the current one, since doing so is equivalent to replaying the sequence of actions in the derivation. Lack of a derivation implies that the replacement may be unsafe and therefore should not be done automatically.

A derivation is a sequence of steps which convert the older version to the newer one. Each step is directly reflected in the journal of some site as a successive pair of entries, one

following the other, with no other entries for the file in between at that site. There might be intervening entries at other sites, which would mean conflicts elsewhere but not for the derivation being considered. This sequentiality at a particular site implies that the later of the two successive 5 versions was created directly by editing or modifying the earlier of the two. A derivation is like an audit trail. As it records all the steps taken to convert the older version to the newer one.

Existence of a derivation is determined by procedure 10 "connected" of module "journal", which follows the direct steps backward from the current version, skipping unrelated events, until it reaches the prior version.

With respect to discarding obsolete events (step 4), without some way of discarding obsolete events, the journal files 15 would grow indefinitely. An event is obsolete at a given site if there is a more recent event for the same file at the same site. If an event is obsolete at all sites, it can be discarded because it will never cause an inconsistency.

In order to track this, journals contains a list of "known 20 sites", each marked with time of the most recent reconciliation involving the known site. This list is propagated and updated as reconciliations occur. The known site times indicate when information came from the known sites. In addition, each known site reflects these time stamps back by 25 generating a list of acknowledgements. An acknowledgement gives the name of the known site, the name of a site known to it, and the timestamp of that source site. Again, these acknowledgements are propagated and updated appropriately. Originating sites may use the timestamps of the 30 acknowledgements to determine when events are obsolete at other sites. Any event which happened before the oldest acknowledgement time must have been propagated to all known sites, so its predecessors can be discarded without causing conflicts. 35

Finally, there is a potential problem about lost sites. If a site fails to produce acknowledgements, it will cause events to accumulate indefinitely. This could easily happen if the site is no longer used. To avoid this, the program issues warnings about any sites last heard from more than a month 40 ago, and removes them from the known site list after two months. There is also a way to discard a known site immediately.

Note that as to Journal File Format, journal files are standard text files which can be observed and even changed 45 with any text editor. The files are formatted with one line per entry, plus a header line.

The header line has the format:

Journal of <sitename> <date> <time>— <programname>where <sitename> is the fully qualified name of the file hierarchy being journaled, <date> and <time> are the time the journal was written, and <programname> identifies the specific program which wrote the journal.

The entry lines each contain a fixed set of fields, separated by tabs, in the format:

<verb> <date> <time> <name><type>

where:

<verb> is one of a limited set of literals denoting possible actions:

+---create or update, making a new Version

----delete

*—some other site has a more recent Version, but it conflicts with the previous Version at this site.

<date> is the date the action occurred (yy/mm/dd format) <time> is the time the action occurred (hh:mm:ss format) <name> is the file's name, followed directly by the type (no intervening tab)

<type> is a single character;

(nothing) for an ordinary file

\ for a subdirectory

@ for a symbolic link

Supplementary lines give the date and time of the most recent reconciliation for each known site. Each line is of the form:

\$ <date> <time> <sitename>

Acknowledgements immediately follow the known site line for the acknowledging site, and are of the form . <date> <time> <sitename>

where the acknowledging site (named by the immediately preceding known site line) is simply reflecting a reconciliation time back to its source.

Note that the RECONCILE program of Appendix A is built out of the following source modules, each of which is represented by a C++ source file (<name>.cpp) and a corresponding header file (<name>.h).

	name in the second s
reconcil	Main program, parameter analysis, and user message generation.
site	Defines sites
journal	Defines journals, performs most of the actual work.
timestmp	Defines internal and external formats for date and time information.
myalloc	Performs storage allocation and checks for memory leaks.
entry	Defines individual events.
filesys	Performs local file system input/output operations.
knownsit	Defines known sites, manages times for deleting obsolete events.
parse	Supports text parsing operations in parameter and journal file processing.

The following is a program listing for the RECONCILE program, referred to herein as APPENDIX A.

APPENDIX A

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	// cet last entry for the size file
// // ·	Entry* lastentryforfile(vold);
// Declarea class Entry //	<pre>// get previous entry for this file knows at a site Entry* previstedwarts/(Site* S))</pre>
// An Entry describes a single element of some directory. It // // might be a plain file, a subdirectory, or (in Unix) a symlink. //	<pre>// get next entry for this file and site, VOID if none Intry* overridingentry(Skte* #);</pre>
// An Dotry describes a single element of some directory. It // // might we plain file, a unddirectory or fin Onsi & Aymlink. // // // Entries are chained together to make Journals. //	<pre>// TRUE if there is a causal chain from this entry to entry f sooL acconnected(Entry* ())</pre>
<pre>/// A single Distry describes time at all Silver, with a mark field // // asingle Distry describes the Mont the Botty. This organization // makes it evaluation years to merge and compare different Silver // // Journals.</pre>	// adopt (grab and merge in) childres of another entry vard adopttildren(Entry in);
// Journals. // // ///////////////////////////////	// TRUE if entry known to site BOOL islisted(Site* s) { return ((listmask & s->getmask()) (* 0); }
typedef unsigned char Action;	// associate entry with site void makelisted(int mask, inté writemask) (listmask (« mask;writemask (» mask;)
Fdetine CA_UNX 0 Fdetine CA_UNX 0 Fdetine CA_UNX 0	// resource entry from mite
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define ET_LINK 2	
class TREPS (<pre>// create child subdirectory void makechild(const char name); .</pre>
fried class Journal;	<pre>// remember that this entry is present in local directory void setsure(int mask) (suremask (= mask))</pre>
public:	private: // no fair peeking in here! H'.
// constructor Entry(const Artion actionaty, // action	Entry" nextentry: // next entry in this journal Entry" preventry: // previous entry in this journal
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EntryType typewtrg]: // entry type // destructor	<pre>const char* entrymake // flienake //</pre>
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SLACE ROLL parsectry(cost char boil, cont char*s ermso, // resulting error message, or NULL Site*s, // site providing entry Journal*kj; // journal being entry	
// write entry line to new journal void writeentry(FILE" journalfile, Action artion); // updated action	
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// knownsit.h - declares class KoownSite //	// syalloc.b - safe memory allocation & core leak detection // //
วันแทกแทกแทกแหน่งและและและและและและและและเหตุ	<pre>// Defines memory allocation and release procedures with ability to // // catch failure to free allocated memory or to doubly allocate. //</pre>
class TimeStamp: // referred to below	// // // // // // // // // // // // //
// EnounSite class declaration	<pre>// Also supports one very large buffer for fast file copying. // //</pre>
class RoomSite (mmaanaannapanaammmmaanaanna
public:	// nacro entry points
// parse buffer and cleate new known site (or ack) static BOC parseknows)	<pre>// use the macroe to automate line number identification</pre>
const that" butt, // input buffer const that"s errors, // error meesage, or NULL lock k: // set for site, used for following acks	<pre>// allocate an instance of a pointed-to object edefine dITMEN(something) getmen((void **)4(something), sizeof *(something),TILTL INT</pre>
// record acknowlegement that maye has seen data from mane state void acknowlegement that maye, roms char* rname);	// allocate an instance of a pointed-to object, copy a string to it edefine dercorvisemething, old) getcopy(ivoid **)siscemething), old,PILELINE}
<pre>state void stands represent the stand by this reconciliation state void reconciliationarge(const ther sname);</pre>	<pre>// release an instance of a pointed-to object sdefine RELEP((excerting) relaxed(void **)(incerting,TILE_,LINE)</pre>
// get rid of known site static vojd kiloite/cont ctar' sname);	<pre>// append to a string, releasing old s; and allocating new, larger s: edefine APPENDIMFING(s), s2) appenderrang(s), s2,TLLLINT</pre>
// get rid of obsoleto mitos matti void kiloidatlemivoid);	<pre>// copy a string to new allocated string edefine COPYSTRING(something) copystring(something,FILE_,LINE_)</pre>
Harte void Aritologica(ter(void); // get oldest acknowleggeedt from All sites (o site shane static TimeStang getacktise(const char" sname);	//
// write known sites and acts to journal	extern wold gathem [wold ""something, const int site, coast char "sourcefale, const int sou
<pre>static void writeknownsites(FLLS*)ournalfile(;</pre>	rceline); extern void getcopy(void **dat, const char *src, const char *sourcetile, const int sourcel
// clean up known sires at end of run statu: void resetbnownsires(void);	ine); sstern vold reimenjvold **something, const char "sourcefile, const int sourcefine); sstern char "appendetring(codst char "string], const char "string2, codst char "sourcefile
private:	, const int sourceline); extern char "copystring(const char "source, const char "sourcefile, const int sourceline);
const char" sitename: // name of known site acou killed/ // suppress this site	<pre>// rall this at the end of the program run attern void varifyeverythingfreed(void);</pre>
RhownSite(void): // (private)) constructor -RhownSite(void): // (private)) deptroctor	// larye buffer allocation
static int findenowns(te(comst char* mnawe); // find, dont make static int makefnowns(te(comst char* mnawe); // find or wake static vod internulackint, k, int , Thestraph ten;	// allocate large Duffer = steen void gebuffer(char's Duffer, int& Duffelte);
<pre>static six moson; // univer of boown pites static homosite' homosite' homosite's transit static ThansGuage'ack; // actell, j a statil * microsit, s; // static ThansGuage'ack; // actell, j a 's kincledge of j's the</pre>	// rolass large butter estern void relbuffer(char% butfer);
// (i acknowleges)) 11	
756011 Michiel - C. M. C.	
// // parse.b + parsing routines //	<pre>// // reconcil.h - global constants and variables for reconcile program //</pre>
n 111111111111111111111111111111111111	// This file defines the interface for reconcil.cpp //
// compare prefix with string, return pointer past it if match. NULL if not extern const char "shipprefix/coast char "prefix, const char "atring);	
// scan one "word" [bounded by whitespace] into buffer, return advanced scan extern cosst char "getword[cosst char "scan, char "buff, int size];	// Doolean value type missing from C language
// compare two file pames (case indensitive in DOS)	eifndef BOOL edefine BOOL int
extern int namecomp(const char "string), const char "string2): // return pointer to beginning of next word in buffer (ektp current one)	edefine FALSE 0 edefine TATUE 1 eendit
<pre>// return pointer to beginning of heit work in ourier (asip current one) extern char 'mestword(char 'buff);</pre>	// journal file mame
	eitdetNSDS edetine_JOURNALFILE 'internal.jnl'
	<pre>else //MIDOS @define JOUNALVILE '.journal' @exold //MISOS</pre>
	// program-wide parameters
	extern char *version: // name and version of the program
	extern Book quiet; // run vith a millaum of meesages (-q option) extern Book neupate; // do no update any directories (-n option) extern Book problems; // reconciliation was imperfect
	// entry mants in percentil-roo

// non-error newsage 'verb from source to target'
void InfoMessage(coust char* verb, const char* source, const char* target);

// waring ostage - program continues void WaringMessace(const chat "setsage ...); // waring message - error doing wysiss corration void FileSystemmessage(const chat "verb, Const chat "filename);

// error message - progree dist. - tri, cust tai 'r/ // error message - progree distage. ...); // error message - internal problem - program esits void AssertionFile(cost thr file cost int line); void AssertionFile(cost thr file cost int line); edefine Assert(p) if (!(p)) Falues

.

(4)(1) 4)(4)(1)	сь ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	222	site b
//////////////////////////////////////	//////////////////////////////////////	int mask: static kyt nextmask; BOOL writenly; BOOL readonly;	<pre>// mask bit for this site // next unallocated site mask // do not read old journal file // do not read old journal file</pre>
// // Defines class Site	11	BOOL readonly: Timestamp acktime;	<pre>// do not write haw journal file // time acknowleded by all known sites</pre>
n ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann a	annannannan	n : 1	
// site class declaration		// Localgite subclass	
class Site (class localSite : public Site	t
public:		public:	, BOOL smode, BOOL whode, BOOL amode):
Site(BOOL mode, BOOL Wade): // Virtual-Site(Vold): // Static Vold rescontes(Vold) // (delote finiteiter)	'constructor 'destructor 'delete all'attwa	-LocalSite(vold)	
wirtust BOOL Islocal (void) a 9: //	is a local site	const char* getrootname(w	sturn [:noupdate && updateDir);} sid) (teturn rootname;)
(return (islocal() (i !writeonly) BOOL istaryst(void) //		<pre>FILE openjournal(const c) void complainaboutjournals f);</pre>	ar" subdir, const char" mode); ile(const char" subdir, const char" message, const cha
(return swriteonlys)	OK to read journal	privates	
Insturn Institutivil	OK to update	const char* rootiane; BOOL updateDir;	<pre>// pathmahe of data subtree // update files in directory</pre>
	prevent writing journal);	:
	start iteration over sites	// RemoteSite subcla	
(return firstsite))	continue Staration over sites	class RemoteSite : public Site	• t
	and, if not actual aire name	const char* jnlname,	// external journal file name
void secultename(const char* mitename const char* getmitename(void) / Izeturn (mitename im NULL) 7 mite	nume : getrootname();)	publics	
	<pre>https://getlocaldirectory.coot // getlocaldirectory.coot</pre>	NemoteSite(const char" na -RemoteSite(void);	ne, SOOL TRode, BOOL WRode):
	/ get mite mask bit / get time of last ack	BCOL (#)pcal(void) (retu	rn FALSE;)
territory partition. I	/ set time of last ack	 File* openjournal (const c unid remolatoabout journal) 	har" subdir, const char" Model/ file{const char" subdir, const char" sessage, const ch
har" buff) = 0:	subdir, const char* mode) = 0; (const char* subdir, const char* message, const); e	
private: static Site* firstsite: // head o	f site list n site last		
const char* sitemake: // site n	ame - as consistent as possible		
Classifier (las Tasdian) // District (las Tasdian) // Declare (las Tasdian) // Declare (las Tasdian) // Declare (las Tasdian)	//////////////////////////////////////		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
class TimeStamp (
public: // constructor			
TimeStamp(wold): // reset to very early time (can dis)	inguish with neverset() below)		
void reset (void) ;			
<pre>// set from a system time void stamptime(time_t systemtime);</pre>			
<pre>// extract a system time time_t gettime(void);</pre>			
<pre>// fill in date from text in buffer BOOL paraedate(const char* buff);</pre>			
<pre>200L paraeciace(const char' bull): // fill in time from test in buffer 200L paraecime(const char' buff);</pre>			
<pre>300; parawtime(const char* huff); // format date to returned string char* showdate(void);</pre>			i -
<pre>// format time to returned string char* showtime(void);</pre>			
// compare fue fimestance (returns -	1, 0, +1, am if Im1-(m2)		
friend int comparatimes(const TimeSt.	anga (m), const Timestança (sz))		
// set to now - months			

// set to now - months
void getpast(const int months);

// TRUE if timestamp was remot, never set to an actual value BOOL neverset(void) (return (mo == 0);)

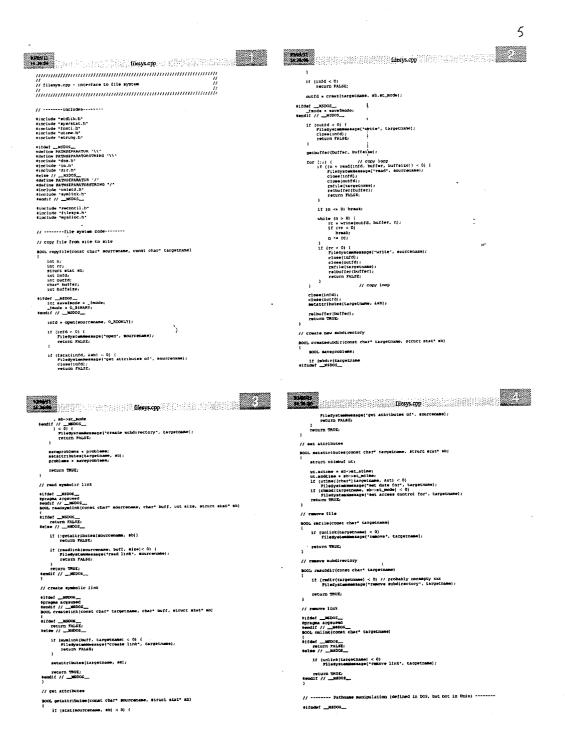


); // ------ globals ------

extern Timestanp now;

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	4
uther 13 4299-38	200011 1420 • HELER HELER HELER CONTRACT CONTRACT
nannannannannannannannannannannannan	fresult = CA_DEL;
// // entry.cpp - journal entries //	<pre>*result = CALDEL; slss if (streng(buff, SDR*) == 0 i; buff(0) == *** && buff(1) == *\C') the result = CALDEAN</pre>
// entry.cpp - journal entries // // // Defines individual journal entries, one per file/subdit/symlink //	elba «graut: « CLERK/ «graut: « CLERK/ recurs scan:
" 	,
// includes	<pre>// parse entry from a yournal file</pre>
	<pre>BOOL Entry::parseentry(const char* butf, const char*4 errss; Size* 5, Journal* k) (</pre>
Include "stdio.h" Include "time.n" Include string.h"	char word]65 ; const char* 8CAN;
	char usrdial ; const char* 404// clar* spi chart spi cha
<pre>#include 'myalloc.b' #include 'timestmp.b'</pre>	IntryType type:
Inclué "recurs.e" Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret." Inclué "terret."	<pre>stat = bit(y(scan, faction); tf (action as CALDOR) return FALSE if (action as CALDOR) if (action as CALDOR) action as CALDOR if (action as CALDOR) action as the formation if (return previous format in journa)*; return previous format in journa)*; return previous format in journa)*;</pre>
finclude "estry.5" finclude "journal.5"	if (action as CA_ONE)
// Entry code	if (Artion == CALOD action == CALOCH) scale = cerverd(scale, word, sizeof word);
•	if (rts.parsedate(word)) (errang = "wrong date format in journal";
// entry constructor Entry:/Entry/const Action actionarg, const char* www.mansig, const TimeStampå ta, EntryType Symaing)	return FALSE/
typesrg)	ison e ervorditan, vord, sister vord; if (is piestenkovan); ermég = "crang tene format in journal"; return PLACE;
correspondence = NULL; CETCOPY(entrymane, enteneerg);	ernsg = "wrong time format in journal"; return FALSE;
ectyvase = WULL; GRTCOPY(metymase, edukasy); Lipadast = 0; aremast = 0; aremast = 0; collet = NGL;) 11 [comparetimes[cs, nov] > 0) [ermsg = *future timestamp to journal'; return RALSE,
surmmask = 0; Action = Actionarg;	ernag = "iscure timestanp in journat"/ return TALSE/
cyper a cyperaturi child = NULL:) can equivalentiaran, verif, effand wordd; can the wordd vep in '(V') vepi); tf [ps, wardd vepi]; existrifying; can terr, vepi + (V): type = TELDIN; brake; can terr, vepi + (V): type = TELDIN; brake; can terr, vepi + (V): type = TELDIN; brake; can terr, vepi = (T_FLEN;
/ entry destructor	if [wp := word] wp==; evict(*wp) {
Encry::=Entry(vold)	case '/': 'wp = '\0': type = ET_DIR: break; case 'd': 'wp = '\0': type = ET_LINX; break;
RELEVENCE (FOR FYGLAND), RELEVENCE (FOR FYGLAND), 11 (Folk) (J 's NOLL)	default: type = ET_FLE:)
if (child 's NULL) detate child;) if (action == CA_ADD (action == CA_GON) k->getentry(action, word, ts, type, =>getmask());
۱	return TRUE,
// classify work in entry description) // write entry to new journal
static const char* classify(const char* scan, Action* result)	void Entry: writeentry [File* journalfile. Action action)
<pre>tert Code Cut: 'listing(cut Cut (cut cut cut cut cut cut)'</pre>	(char* verb;
"result = CA_ADD: elme if (strong)buff, "GON") == 0 () buff(0) == '-' 45 buff(1) == '\0')	mitch(action) {
<pre>*result = CA_GON; else if (strong(buff, 'GET') == 0 :; buff(0) == '>' 44 buff(1) == '\0';</pre>	case CL_ADD voits = ***; break; case CL_ADD voits = ***; break; case CL_ADD voits = ***; break; case CL_ADD voits = ***; break;
segin case CLERA: with a "") brakt	
andry.cpp. 1991 and 1991 and 1991 and 1992 and 1	entry.cpp
case CA_DRR: verb a ***; brmak; default: FAILURE;	// TRUE if there is a causal chain from e to f
	BOOL Entry: (isconnected(Entry* 1)
fprintf(journalfile, "Ne Ne N	<pre>2ntry* n; // entry known to be connected to f n = 1;</pre>
<pre>ctrypese (type == ET_DIR) ? '/' : (type == ET_DIRX) ? '@' : ''); }</pre>	n = 1; while (this i= f) (f = f->preventry(orfile();
) // return ment entry for same file	while [then == f] = to ty/ort[le(); f = to ty/ort[le(); Astroff(== vKUh); if ((f~))intemat A α~>listAmax) == 0] 0 = f f
Entry* Ditry.:nestentryfoffile(void)) return (this es d);
	3
Entry' n = Destentry: if (n = NTLL is nameComp(n-ventryname, entryname) '= 0) recum NTLL:	// adopt the children of another entry
return n/	void Entry::Adoptchildren(Entry* n)
// return previous entry for same file	if (child == NOLL) (child = n->child, n->child = NOLL;
Entry" Entry::preventryforfile(void)	
t Entry* p = preventcy; If [p *= NGLL 44 casescosp[p==entryname, entryname] t= 0) return NGL;	<pre>else if (a->child '= KULL)</pre>
<pre>if (p '= NGLL & namecomp(p-:entryname, entryname) := 0)</pre>	// create child
1	void Entry::makechild(const char* name)
// return last entry for sume file	child a new Journal (name);
Entry: Intry::lastentryforfile(Word)	.)
Dotryv n + thus: bolle (m-nestentry) is HULL is namecump(entrycase, n->nestentry->entrycase) ** 0) n x n->nestentry; return n:	
<pre>} // return previous entry for file which is logged at site</pre>	
<pre>// return previous entry for file which is logged at site Entry= Entry::previsetedentry(Site= s)</pre>	
Entry Entry: () = Chis;	
<pre>while ((q + q-:preventryforfile()) i= MULL)</pre>	
return NULL;	
// flod a more recent entry for this file and mite	
Datry* Entryscoverridingentry(Site* s)	
<pre>[Dirty® e = this; vhile ((e = +>rastericyforfile()) '= NVLL) if (=>:listed() if '=>:listor(ce()) return e: return NUL;</pre>	



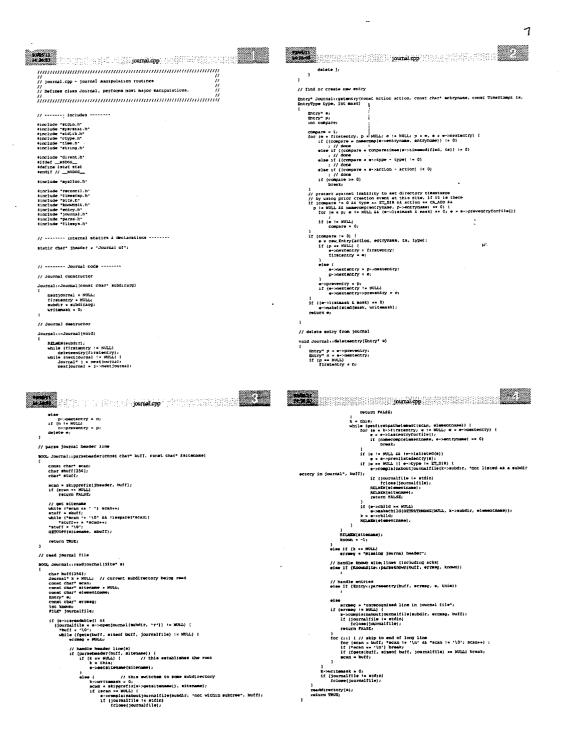
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6 xxxx/11 H1#546 stearing Lazares ext(n - dot) = "\0"; } // convert a path pame from relative to absolute char* _fullpath(char* buffer, const char* path, int bufier) int n/ if (*path ** FATHSEPARATOR) (
 if (atrian(path) :* buflen)
 return NVLL;
 atropy(buffer, path); inc m 1 11 (drive t= NULL 64 "drive te "\0") FAILURE: pailon; if (dir i=wull is *dir == '\3') i n = strept(path, dir); path *= n; if (dirin-1) = path/stparaton; ''pathe* = path/stparaton; if (name to HOLL && "name to "\D') {
 n = strlen(name);
 strepy(path = n;
 path += n;
} return buffer) // split a pathname into its various components void _splitpath(const char* path, char* drive, char* dir, char* name, char* est)
{ int 6, sep, dot: : if (path += NULL) path = **; for (sep = dot = n = 0; pathin) != '\0': n++) (switch(pathin) (case PATSUEXPANTOR: aep = n + 1; dot = 0; eeodit // __HSDOS__ bep = n + dot = 0; breat; case '.'; case '.': dot + n + 1; break;) // ----- file name manipulation ------// get fully qualified file name from directory and entry name const char* getpathname(const char* dismame, const char* dispath, const shar* entryname, const char* sourcefile, const int sourceline) 1 1f (dot == 0) dot = n = 1; dot -= 1; const thar" scan; const thar" namestart; const thar" pathname; af (drave '+ NOLL) "drave + '\0'; it (dirmame ** MULL || dirmame(0| ** '.' && dirmame()| ** '\0')
pathname * copystring(**, mourcefile, mourceline); if (dir += NULL) {
 strncpy(dir, path, sep),
 dir(sep) = '\0'; pathname * copystring(**, mourcefile, mourcefile); else pathname * copystring(dirname, sourcefile, mourcefile); if (d)rpath == NUL) d)rpath = "';
if (entrymane == NUL) entrymane = "';
if (entrymane = '\0') {
 ('sigrath == '\0' = 'entrymane = '\0') {
 (I'stribane == '\0') {
 (I'stribane == '\0') {
 (I'stribane == '\0') {
 (I'stribane = '\0') {
 if (name +* HOLL) {
 strncpy(name, path + sep. dot - sep);
 name(dot - sep) = '\0';
} if (ext := HULL) { strncpy(ext, path + dot, n - dot);) return pathname; 2999()) HOLEN)
(Advertant - putchane;
(or (constant); econ (constant);
(constant); econ (constant);
(constant);
(constant);
eend;((constant); econ + 1;
(constant);
(constant); } Label[j] = '\0'; sels // __nsDod_______ drive = drive, // prevent warning about drive not used endit // __sBotod_______ // diak label didn't work, use bost name if (hostname += NULL) bostname + SULL) if (bostname == NULL) if (bostname == NULL) strrcpy(label, bostname, labelsize; labellabelsize - 1; = '\0'; . ((ARVERIAT: SCAN) ((ARVERIAT: SCAN) ((Signat: SCAN)) ((Signat: SCAN)) (Signat: SCAN)) (Signat: SCAN)) ((Signat: SCAN)) ((Si) 1f (*entryname += '\0') pathname = appendetring[pathname, entryname, sourcefile, sourcelibe); return pathname; // get one element (rom path name OL gettirstpathwlenost(const char*6 scan, const char*6 element) 80 / , char buff[256]; char* scutf; CEAF SUIT: (scan = WILL) (stan FALS) scane; scane; for (staff = buff = scan is \(d) &s "scan i= PATHSEPMATOR; scan+) *cut = \(d) = V scane; for (staff = buff = scane; scane; for (staff = buff); scane; // get disk label void getlabel(const char* drive, char *label. int labelsire)
{ static char hostname = NULL: fildef __NSDOS__ int 1,); struct ffblk ffblk; char path[_MAR_PATK]; _makepath(path, drive, **, ***, ***); if (findfirst(path. Affolk, FA_LABEL) == 0 66 (ffblk.ff_attrib & FA_LABEL) t= 0} {

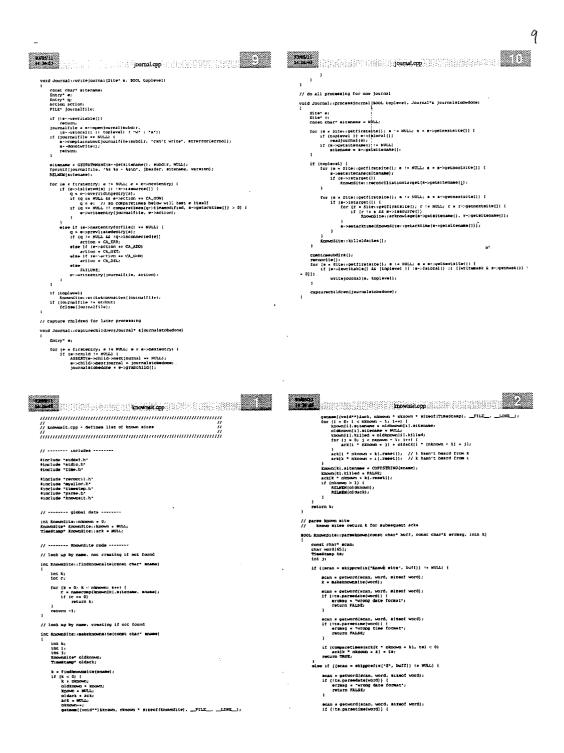
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1912	1940 1940 - Harris Jonalop, Status (1990)
journal.cpp	
<pre>// update journal by scanning actual directory</pre>) // end of directory scan closedir(cursor);
BODL Journal::readdirectory(Site* #)	inferdeletons(s); return TRUE:
Entry" e: Dik" curso: char" infer:)
char" name: EntryType faletype;	<pre>// Post-scan after reading directory. finding unsatched journal entries. // Lack of a matching actual entry is used to infer a deletion.</pre>
EncryType filetype, TimeStang te: coms chart dispath:	BOOL Journalisisterdelections(Site* =)
	Entry er
int result; const char' pathname; struct rata bb;	<pre>for (= single-try = 1 will, = =seteretry); if (== single-try, is interest, is =-single-try, is interest, interest, interest, interest, is interest, interest, interest, interest, interest, is interest, intere</pre>
sf (in-selecal())	// in local gournal, but not directory
retuin PALET: dipasta e EXTANDAURI(s-vetrootianel), Buidir, NULL); cursor e opendir(char*idirpath); 1 (cursor = NEVL)	<pre>if (= accion w CCLCC) { e = detentry(CA_DON, = wentryCame, now, =::Lype, == detEmar()); logman_accient(intentry(a) == MU(); </pre>
cursor + opendir((char*)dirpath); 1f (cursor += NULL)	
FileSystemHessage("read directory", dirpath); RELMEN(dirpath); 11 (current == NULD)) petura TRVE,
if (cursor as NULD) return FALSE:)
<pre>sectors FALSE: write(ide + readStricutsor)) ** HOLL (// directory McAD if [streng(de=+d_name, '.'] ** C streng(de=+d_name, '.'] ** C numecory (de=+d_name, '.'] ** C numecory (de=+d_name, '.') ** O numecory (de=+d_name, '.') ** O numecory (de=+d_name, '.') **********************************</pre>	<pre>// combine subdirectories (subsidiary routine for adoptchildren)</pre>
stromp(de->d_name, "") >> 0 namecomp(de->d_name, JOOTMALFILE) => 0)	void Journal::combinejournals(Journal* other)
continue; pane = de->d_name;	Distry" f: Distry" u
plar = de->d_mime; pathname = dETFATHHANE[s-spetrostmans{}, subdir, name]; reult = lstat(pathname, isb);	Dotry" 0) hot saveshak * 0;
if [result '= 0) { fileSystemMessage["find tile", pathname);	while ((f = other=>Circtentry) := NULL) (
RELMEM(pathname); continue;	<pre>savenisk = writemask; g = getentry(f=>action, f=>entryname, f=>cimemodified, f=>type, f=>listmask);</pre>
RELNDN(pathazer)) switch [[sb.st_mode 4 S_IFHT]) { care_ziPDIA: (aletype = ET_DIA; break;	<pre></pre>
case 5_FLOK: filetype = fr_UNK; break; case 5_FLOK: filetype = fr_UNK; break;	1
<pre>sedif //SDOS default: (lletype * ET_FILE;</pre>	<pre>// find and combine compatible subdirectorise with different timestamps</pre>
	// Since it seems to be impossible to duplicate timestamps on
<pre>ts.stamptime(sb.st_stime);</pre>	<pre>// subdiractories (utime doesn't work, at least in DOS), they are // liable to have different timetamps. This really doesn't matter // as long as we can compensate for it by innorting million timestamp</pre>
<pre>e x getentry(CA_ADD, name, ts, t)letype, sgetmask()); e->setmare(sgetmask());</pre>	// differences on directories. That is the purpose of this routine.
>secours[s-'qsChark()); if (s-'cype as UT_DIR) { [f (s-'cype as UT_DIR) }	void Journal (constinueubdirs (void)
- AAKeCHIIO(GETVATHAAKIING, BUBGIT, BABO));	f Intry" e/ Intry" e/
// this entry exists, so subsequent entries are irrelevant // this happens when a previously missing file appears	int savemask;
	the standard of the Martin of the standard and all i
<pre>white to a e-sherrencryrorile()) is with() (if te-shellered(s)) (</pre>	IDF (W I IFFECATIVE I HOLLY W I HOLLY WILL BE I HOLLY I
unite (ie = e-seetemicry) result() / result() If fe-isliteced(e) e-sakevolisced(e-setmask) If fe-itmicratks ()	<pre>delle (in = e->nateerry(orfle()) = Mull && (e->listmast & n->listmax) == 0</pre>
<pre>// the imperim Work = previously instruct (if a specify white imperimentation (if a specify instruct (if a specify)) is white if if ==-alkendist() ====================================</pre>	<pre>fop (= = {freitextry: = i = NULL = = ==-constanty) { will = {in = ->-setexterry/original if (=>) is NULL if (=>) israast i =>>israast i =>>israast if (=>>israast if (=>>israast</pre>
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<pre>top value (in a = -/-set rectry for (114()) (= MULL)' (= -/</pre>
	A (Hardella in Classic) (Hardella)
	A (
, (1997) 	1 (********* - vr(Caust) ******** ******** ***************
<pre></pre>	I (******** vr(Castr) ************************************
<pre> web1 ,</pre>	A (F-settion - C CLOR (F = September C CLOR)) (sensest - vr(Canate) sensest - vr(Canate) sensest - vr(Canate) if (comprificion (compresses, Compresse) if (comprificion (compresses, Canate)) if (compresses) (comp directory, sourceane, Lengecane); if (comp directory, sourceane); if (comp directory, so
<pre></pre>	<pre>###CTUR # CLOWIN # >>>per # CLOWIN ; ###CTUR ####CTUR #####CTUR #####CTUR #####CTUR ####################################</pre>
<pre></pre>	<pre>A (======= (===== (====== (====== (======</pre>
<pre></pre>	<pre>11 (#:string & CLOR (# #:style & ELD(A)) (sermest = vf(cmatt) sermest = vf(cmatt) f(cmatt) f(cmatt)</pre>
<pre></pre>	<pre>11 (restrict of CLORE () (response (CLORE))) sermest - vr(cast: sermest - vr(cast:</pre>
<pre>// record = size // record = size /</pre>	<pre>11 (restrict of CLORE () (response (CLORE))) sermest - vr(cast: sermest - vr(cast:</pre>
<pre>valiation (value); valiation (value); v</pre>	<pre>All (=::files to CLOSE () =::System to CLOSE); ####### - Viffemant: ####################################</pre>
<pre>// record = size // record = size /</pre>	<pre>11 [restline to CLORIN [propose to CLORIN] ; sermest = vr(castri sermest = vr(castri is) if [coryfi]s(correcase, trystmast)]</pre>
<pre> #### ###############################</pre>	<pre>All (=::files to CLOSE () =::System to CLOSE); ####### - Viffemant: ####################################</pre>
<pre> #### ###############################</pre>	<pre># I (=::filest: #:##### * (filest: ###### * (filest: ####################################</pre>
<pre>provementy(of) ###################################</pre>	<pre># decretion = CLOSH () # >>>> = CLOSH () () ******************************</pre>
<pre> ####################################</pre>	<pre>####### # Closet: ####################################</pre>
<pre> ####################################</pre>	<pre>A f restion = CLOR () = Poppe at CLOR() ; estant = v((instit) estant = v((instit) estant = v((instit) estant = v((instit) f () = v((instit)) estant = v((instit)) f () = v((instit)) f () = v((instit)) estant = v((instit)) estant = v((instit)) f () = v((instit)) estant = v((instit)) f () = v((ins</pre>
<pre>provide state() = 1 = 10 = 10 = 10 = 10 = 10 = 10 = 10</pre>	<pre>All (=:stille : CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE) sermest = v((instill estimate i = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () f = (instille = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () f = (instille = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () f = (instille = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE () f = (instille = (Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE ()) f = (instille = (Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE ()) f = (instille = (Style = CLOSE () = Style = CLOSE ()) f = (instille = (Style = Style = CLOSE ()) f = (instille = (Style = Style = St</pre>
<pre>// record is sized (=>listed is viewall) </pre>	<pre>A f restion = CLOM: p-Sope at CLOM) ; senset = vi(inst) senset = vi(inst) if (conv(i)) = (ournal.opp</pre>
<pre>901 1 901 +</pre>	<pre># Interflow of CLOW () # >>>> # CLOW);</pre>
<pre>provide subset () () () () () () () () () () () () ()</pre>	<pre>All (=:stiller = CLORE () [=>system = CLORE); sermest = vr(imatt) sermest = vr(imatt) (: M di</pre>
<pre>provide size of the size</pre>	<pre>All features to CLOSE () Propose to CLOSE () () () () () () () () () (</pre>
<pre> ####################################</pre>	<pre>All features = CLOSH () = Proper at ECD(A) () exercise = CLOSH () = Proper at ECD(A) () exercise = CLOSH () = Proper at ECD(A) () exercise = CLOSH () = Proper at ECD(A) (</pre>
<pre>#22 #24 #24 # catefisied(=-)istasst, vytemast;</pre>	<pre># If (===================================</pre>
<pre> ####################################</pre>	<pre>A 1 (=:eff(a = CLOR) (= Proper a CLOR)); ####### * ((Entrie) ####################################</pre>
<pre>provide size of (=>) for the start, vp(rest);</pre>	<pre>####### * ((image: i propried file); ####################################</pre>
<pre>PHYSIC Physical production of the physical physical</pre>	<pre># In (</pre>
<pre>providence()();</pre>	<pre>###EXTEND # CLOCK # Proper & FLORE) ####EXTEND ####################################</pre>
<pre>provide weity(v); } **********************************</pre>	<pre># In the count of the coun</pre>
<pre>PHYSIC Physical production of the second product product product product of the second product product</pre>	<pre># In [:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::</pre>
<pre>providence()(); ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;</pre>	<pre># I restion : CLUM: Fords & FULDIN ######## CLUMN Fords & FULDIN ####################################</pre>
<pre>provide set of the set of th</pre>	<pre># Interview + CLOWN (</pre>

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) // constructor RocwnSite::EcownSite(void) (sitename = NULL; killed = FALSE; }

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NTSAL HJAHZI SLIVAL SALASI STATISKOPPI, PHILIPSIAH 1919	vad koorgiterinternalekillet k, ist), Thefenge Kt)
return FALSE:	1f (comparefines(ack[$k = nkmown + j$], tkj) < 0) ack($k = nkmown + j$] = tkj.
scan = getword(scan, word, sizeof word); k = maxexnowndite(word),	// acknowledge (aname has received information from trame)
	void KnownSite:racknowlege(const char* sname, const char* mame)
11 (Compare) (ack (K * NARDAM + K), LE) - U) Ack (F * NARDAM + K) * LE: return TRUE,	int k = nakeknownsite(sname); (nt 1 = nakeknownsite(sname);
else if ((scan = skipprefix("Ack", buff)) = NULL) (<pre>int j + makeknowmite(rnm*): internalack(k, j, ack() = nknown +)];;</pre>
<pre>scan = getwoid(scan, word, sizeof word),) = makedpownsite(word);</pre>	// this site is target of a reconciliation
scan + decword/scan, word, sizeof word);	void KnownSite::reconciliationtarget(const char* stame)
if (is:purseLate(uord)) { errong - vurch date format*; return FALSE; }	int k = makeknowingte(state); int j;
<pre>scan = getword(scan.word, sixed word); if (its.parsetime(word)) :</pre>	ackit * choom * ki = Dow. for (; 4, c) < factorski ; 5+4 ignernalackit, ;, ackj * factors = j);;
return FALSE;	// kill mite by name
ASSERT(K -= 0 && K < nknown); internalact(X,); (0);	void RhowsSite::killsite(const char "enade)
return TRUE:	(init k = makeknownsite(ename)) known[k].tiled = TRUE/
) when if f(mcan = skipprefixit, t, buff); t= MULL) (1
scan e getword(scan, word, sized word); it (its,papetalevibord); f (its,papetalevibord); etempy = "wrong dage fotmas"; feturm Fallsi;	<pre>// kill old sites wid Rnowndice, killoldsites(void) { </pre>
; scan = getword(scan, word, sizeot word);	int k; TimeStamp wathdate; TimeStamp k;]]date;
<pre>i (is_pretrie(arti); i (respretrie(arti); return falst;)</pre>	<pre>warndate.ortpast(1); killdate.ortpast(1); for is incomparticles.it if a control is incompare in the control is incompare incompare</pre>
<pre>scal = getword(scan, word, sizeof word); j = makeknownsite(word); .</pre>	WarningNessace("Site is abandoned", known(X).siteDane); known(X).killed = TROE;
ASSENT(k == 0.44 k <= nkcown); intermalack(k,), to);	<pre>else if (comparetimes(warndate, atk[k = nknown + k]) >= 0) { Warninghessace("Site is will be abandomed on is", known(k).sitename, killdate.</pre>
jetum TRUE:	abox4a te(j);
) else return FALST:)
1	// get time acknowledged by all known sites to given site
<pre>// actuoding (internal version) // indicates that site K knows about 3 up to time t#;</pre>	Timescamp KnownSilevingetacKlime(const char* #ABA#) (int k;
Hand the second state of the st	
int j; TimeStamp t*;	// destructor Enomsite::-Enomsite(void)
) = makekprovolsite(snia≉e); Es = hovy;	ti mitate (*Alamit (*(*Al)) t RELEVI (* Lenne) (* KULL)
for (\$ \$0; \$. DECAM, b*) { if (:Energi, billed 54 compare(:Energi, ack[k * nknown + j)] > 0] cs = ack[k * nknown + j]; }	RELNEN (BLEGGARGE)]
recurn ts,	
// write known sites to journal	
void Encensite:(eriteknownsites(FILE* journalfile)	
ist k; ist j:	
<pre>for (k = 0; k < mmcnon; k+) { if ('reconcl(k.i)(k = 1; k = k = k = n', for(stringent(k.i)(k = 1; k = k = k = n', score(k.i) * normed = k = isor(k = k = n); score(k.i * normed = k = isor(k = k = k = n); for (r = 0, j < mmcnon; (r = 1; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0, j < mmcnon; (r = 1; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0; k = k = k = n); for (r = 0;</pre>	
	· ·
)	
// clean up known sites at end of run	
<pre>void KnownSite::resetXnownBiteE(void) { i inc k; inc k;</pre>	

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nyil 37.14	
	dst->sourceline = sourceline;
// // // // // // // // // // // // //	"something = {void "}idst->firstbyte:
	<pre>felse //DEBU3_ALLOCATIONS</pre>
// ••••••• includes ••••••	<pre>"encorting = malloc(trie); if ("escarting = NVLLi { fprint(scder, "out of memory\n"); ext(di);</pre>
einclude "stdlib.h"	endif //DEBUG_ALLOCATIONS
ejneluda "extilab.h" ejneluda "stdio.n" sneluda etzina.h"	blocksallocated ++ 1;
Sinclude "myslloc.h" Sinclude "reconcil.h"	// copy a string into allocated space
// infermals	void gescopy(void **dat, const char *mrt, const char *mourcefile, const int sourceline
// defineDEBUGALLOCATIONS to compile with extra checking defineUEBUG_ALLOCATIONS	char "opy = HOLLI
	<pre>if ("det is NULL) (fprintf(stderr, "Copied over object: file \"%s\", line %d\n", source(ile, sou for the state of the sta</pre>
stder	ine); exit(1;;
Eruct MemoryBlock "next: const char "mourcefile; // _FILE_ where allocated int mourcefine; // _LINE_ where allocated) getmem((void **)/cpy, strien(src) + 1, mourcefile, mourceline); strcpy(cpy, src);
int sourceine: //LINE_ where allocated char firstbyte: // initial byte of allocated storage NewcryBlock;	*dst = cpy
InveroryBlock *firstneworyBlock = NULL; Send:f //DEBVG_ALLOCATIONS	/ release previously allocated block
static int blocksallocated = 0;	void relnem(void **something, const char *sourcefile, const int sourceline)
	I
// safe allocation & leak detection	eitderDEBUG_ALLOCATIONS
// allocate memory block	NewsorySlock **prevptr; w'. NewsorySlock *src;
woid getmem(woid **something, const int size, const char *sourcefile, const int sourceline	<pre>tendif //DEBUCALLOCATIONS</pre>
t	if (Temperbind or Willing)
<pre>#ifdefDEBUGALLOCATIONS MemoryBlock *dst;</pre>	<pre>fprintf(atderr, "Released null object: file ("\$s\", line \$d\n", sourcefile, s eline);</pre>
tendit //DEBUG_ALLOCATIONS	exit(1);
<pre>if ("something '= WDLL) { fprint(siderr, *Allocated over object: file *&x*, line &d\n*, sourcefile, sour eline; eline; eline; </pre>	biockeallocated == 1; if (biotexallocated <= 0; if (biotexallocated <= 0; (ourcefile, sourceline); est(i); est(i);
1	exit(1),
eitdetDEBUG_ALLOCATIONS	<pre>#ifdefDEBUG_ALLOCATIONS</pre>
dat = (NemoryBlock *)malloc(size + sizeof(NemoryBlock) = 1); if (det en NULL) (for (prevptr = &firstmemoryblock: "prevptr != NULL 22 (void *)4(*prevptr)->firstby
<pre>if (dst cz NULL) { fprinct(mcderr, *Out of memory\n*); exi(1);</pre>	*something: prevptr = 4("prevptr)->maxt);
	if ("prevptr == NULL) (
i ditmest = firstmenoryblock; firstmenoryblock = ddt, dstmenoret[]k = sourtefile;	. 16. BORTEGI(00))) outle(1) .
In the second of the second lock of the second seco	· is, sourcesing) exit())
freewooybiert a dat. dat-beovereille - sourcefile: worden worden and a sourcefile: worden and a sourcefile:	yold gebulter(charte buller, talk bullets)
freewooybiert a dat, dat-beweretlik - sourcefiler weine weine bester in a sourcefiler weine - provper, prompt - art-baat; treewint)	vold gesbuffer(char4 buffer, 10LA buffelse)
Treeservoure and an and a second and a secon	void gebuffer(charf buffer, tota bufferte) tota 'estraj
rpreservoyalor a dat. dat-bearrefile - sourcefile - sour	<pre>void getouffer(char4e buffer, LDLA buffer);</pre>
rrreewooybiert a dat. dat-seerrefile - seerrefile are - provper, propopt - sec-searc, tree(rechting); teole //DBMQ_ALLOCATIONS_ teel //DBMQ_ALLOCATIONS_	<pre>void getoufter(charf buffer, iDLA buffer) void getoufter(charf buffer, iDLA buffer) (char *estra) (c</pre>
rpreservoyalor a dat. dat-bearrefile - sourcefile - sour	<pre>void gesbuffer(char's buffer, LULA buffelse) void gesbuffer(char's buffer, LULA buffelse) (char 'watra; worcs = (char 'Malloc(40%6); if (wercs = NULA), buffel = (char 'Malloc(buffelse)) == NUL, buffelse = = 4(if (buffelse < 10)A; (buffer = (char 'Malloc(buffelse)) == NUL, buffelse == 4(/ foilefielse = 10)A; } </pre>
rereamenybler, and active over the source of the source o	<pre>void getoufter(charf buffer, iDLA buffer) void getoufter(charf buffer, iDLA buffer) (char *estra) (c</pre>
<pre>frreeworyblet = dat. dat-beorreflie = sourceflie arc = provper, prompt = set-back; free(resething); eedit //CENUALGCATONE</pre>	<pre>void getoutfer(char*d buffer);</pre>
<pre>//recessoryburk = dat. det-bestred[1] = source[1] = ///////////////////////////////////</pre>	<pre>void gecbuffer(Char's buffer, LDL buffelse) void gecbuffer(Char's buffer, LDL buffelse) (char 'satus)</pre>
<pre>//recessoryburk = dat. det-bearreflik = sourceflik wr = erevper, freegt = sourceflik freetf = freeper, freegt = sourceflik receit/or. treetfik /</pre>	<pre>void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld) (char *estra) eff() f (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (buffer(= >NULA) if (buffer(= < (char *)salloc(Duffelde)) == NULA, buffelte = = 4(if (buffer(= >L)) f ref(satra); } void rebuffer(char4 buffer) if estorfer(char4 buffer) if (buffer(= >L)) if (buffer(= >L)) if</pre>
<pre>//recessoryDurk = dat; det-bestred[]= = source[]]= = //////////////////////////////////</pre>	<pre>void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld) (char *estra) eff() f (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (buffer(= >NULA) if (buffer(= < (char *)salloc(Duffelde)) == NULA, buffelte = = 4(if (buffer(= >L)) f ref(satra); } void rebuffer(char4 buffer) if estorfer(char4 buffer) if (buffer(= >L)) if (buffer(= >L)) if</pre>
<pre>fireseeroyblet = dat. dat.exective = dat. dat.exective = dat.exective = dat.</pre>	<pre>exit(1); void getsuffer(char*4 buffer, toLA buffsits) (char**extray write * extray f (char*shalloc(toPol); f (</pre>
<pre>//recessorybark = dat. det:>secret11 = = socret11=; wr = *propt: preept = spropt; freetronk term //</pre>	<pre>void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld) (char *estra) eff() f (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (buffer(= >NULA) if (buffer(= < (char *)salloc(Duffelde)) == NULA, buffelte = = 4(if (buffer(= >L)) f ref(satra); } void rebuffer(char4 buffer) if estorfer(char4 buffer) if (buffer(= >L)) if (buffer(= >L)) if</pre>
<pre>//recessoryburt = dat: det-baserrellis = sourcellis; det-baserrellis = sourcellis; det-baserrellis; det-basere</pre>	<pre>void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld) (char *estra) eff() f (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (buffer(= >NULA) if (buffer(= < (char *)salloc(Duffelde)) == NULA, buffelte = = 4(if (buffer(= >L)) f ref(satra); } void rebuffer(char4 buffer) if estorfer(char4 buffer) if (buffer(= >L)) if (buffer(= >L)) if</pre>
<pre>('recessoryblot' = dat: det-bestred)!! = source/lie rc - prever: "pre</pre>	<pre>void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld void getorfer(char4 buffer, LDLA buffeld) (char *estra) eff() f (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (estra = >NULA) if (buffer(= >NULA) if (buffer(= < (char *)salloc(Duffelde)) == NULA, buffelte = = 4(if (buffer(= >L)) f ref(satra); } void rebuffer(char4 buffer) if estorfer(char4 buffer) if (buffer(= >L)) if (buffer(= >L)) if</pre>
<pre>fireseeroyblet, dat. dat.exective.is a societile.</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firesemeryblet = dat; dationarrellis = sourcelle; we = offergin; we = offergin; we = offergin; we = offergin; we = offergin; we = offergin; dationarrellis = sourcellis treater(); dationarrellis = sourcellis treater(); dationarrellis = sourcellis treater(); dationarrellis = sourcellis, const char "sourcellis, const char "sourcellis, const is sourcellis; dationarrellis; dation</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firstemercyllet = dat. det_severytile = severylip sever = presper, freefing = foreuper, freefing = foreuper, freefing = foreuper, freefing = foreuper, etert /</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firesemerybleft = dt; dt:-centrelijs = sourcelijs gyaloc.cpp. *** * fprest; ">>>*** * fprest; ">>>**** * fprest; ">>>**********************************</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>//recessoryburk = dat; det-bestrediis = sourcelle; det-bestrediis = sourcelle; det-bestrediis = sourcelle; det-bestrediis = sourcelle; proversesters recessoryburk = data recessoryburk = data re</pre>	<pre>void gestuffer(chart4 buffer, LULA buffer); cbar *atra; etcr: (ar*i alloc(1006); if presimeros(100 memory for buffer'); for (buffers c: 0); if (buffers c: 0); presimeros(100 memory for buffer'); for (buffers c: 0); presimeros(100 memory for buffer'); if free(mtrs); } void gebutfer(chart4 buffer) ; i free(mtrs); }</pre>
<pre>//recevery/life = source/life det=source/life = source/life det=source/life = source/life are = prespect treesExt treesExt else //_DEMO_ALLOATIONS_ ***********************************</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firesemeryblet, dat. dd:_emeryblet, edu; dd:_emeryblet, edu; edu; edu; edu; edu; edu; edu; edu;</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firstemercylors', dat. dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; dd:_comprediissourcefile; delte //DEBUG_ALLCATIONE **emething = HOLL; freeferse. ddi//Comprediissourcefile; const char *sourcefile; const fit workefile; comprediissourcefile; ddi comprediissourcefile; const char *sourcefile; const fit workefile; comprediissourcefile; ddi comprediissource; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; for of the sourcefile; comprediissourcefile; comprediissource; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; for of the sourcefile; comprediissource; sourcefile; sourcefile; const int sourcefile; for of the sourcefile; f</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>
<pre>firstemercylorst = dt; dt:-converting = sourcefile; dt:-converting = sourcefile; dt:-converting = sourcefile; dt:-converting = sourcefile; prefirst = sourcefile; treatering; dt:-converting = sourcefile; free(readthing); etcl://_converting_losscript; // append strings to string; reallocating converting = sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; const this = sourcefile; conv = sourcefile; converting = sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; const this = sourcefile; converting = sourcefile; converting = sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; converting = sourcefile; converting to allocated space converting to allocated space converting = sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; sourcefile; string=sourcefile; converting to allocated space converting; prevent dd: dt: convertingserychingreed(soid i if (firsterychingreed(soid i if (firsterychingreed(sourcefile; sourcefile; if (firsterychingreed(sourcefile; sourc</pre>	<pre>is selection; selection; selection; void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer, LDLA buffelle) cbar *eatra; ectro (et = [Malloc(1096); if presimeseo(100 memory for Duffer"); ico (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if (buffelle clo); if free(matra); void gestuffer(chart+2 buffer) i (fourfelle clo); i (fourfelle clo);</pre>

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// parme.cpp - parming routines //	Ngile (*scan 44 ilaspace(*8can)) ⊕Can++:
	ccan++; vnjie javpuce(*ecan) ćć *ecan i= '\n') scan++; recurs scan;
) i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
// Includes	·
<pre>#unclude 'stddef h'</pre>	I
Binclude "coppe.h" Binclude "parme.h"	
// putting instings	
// watract one word scanned string - up to next spare	
const char "getword(const char "scan, char "butt, int size)	
<pre>char *jimt + buff + size + 1; while (isspace(trach) Scatt+; while (inspace(trach) Tarean /s *\O') (if [buff < inst); *buff + i tracher;</pre>	
	,
"Dutf++ = '\0'; return stan;	
1	
// compare prefix and return pointer to remainder	
const char "skipprefix(const char "prefix, const char "string)	
while ("prefix is "\0" 44 "string as "prefix) (191
string++; prefix++;	
return ("prefix 's '(0") ? NULL : atring:	
1	
// compare two mames ignoring case (in DOS), honoring case (in Unix)	
ettderstocstexturetexturetexturestocstexturestocs texturestocs texturestocstexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexturetexture_texture	
int namecospiconot char "string), const char "string2)	
for (:FILADEUTSCIDD) -> FILADEUTSCIDD2), string), string2) ff ("string] (*) return 0; return 0; return 71KASAE("string]) - FILADEUTSCIDD2);	
// find next 'word' (apything surrounded by white space) in input line	
char "nextword(char "buff)	
t char *acan = buff;	
Stevens Status Status - Status - Streenellepi - Status - Status - 1	salet) 17.9 M colevel + 75.55
// // reconcile.cpp - main program for directory reconciliation //	
	// meaningse to the user
<pre>// This module contains the programs user interface, consisting of // // line parsing, message generation, and global parameter variables. //</pre>	// DOG-error Bushage "[would] warb from source to target'
// // This module contains the programs user interface, consisting of // // // // // // // // // // // // //	void infomesage(comst char* verb, const char* source, const char* target)
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ในการการการการการการการการการการการการการก	if (rquiet) (if (noupdate)
// includes	<pre>if (regist) f (regist) f print(scattr, "weild "); f (rescent regist); if (rescent regist), f from two, source); if (regist (weild, "so"); f (regist (rescent, "so");</pre>
eyelde *edilb.h* siclide *gelb.e* siclide *gelber.h* siclide *gelber.h* siclide *drog.b* siclide *drog.b* siclide *drog.b* siclide *drog.b*	if (mource in MULL) (fprintf(atderr. " from %s", source);
sinclude 'systypes.h' sinclude 'time.h'	if (target 1+ KULL) fprintf(stderr, * to*);
einclude fetring.b"	1 (farget im NULL)
einclude "sys/stat.h" einclude "sys/stat.h"	if (target)= NULL) fprint(scorr. * %**. target); fprint(targer, r.u.);
and the second	1
sizelus recenti, s sizelus recenti, s sizelus relation, s sizelus size, h sizelus size, h sizelus sector, h sizelus sector, h sizelus sector, h	// warning message - program continues
einclude "site.h"	void MarningHessage (const char* Hessage,)
einclude 'encry.h'	valiat args:
einclude - journal.n-	
// global and static information	va_start(args, message); vfprintfistderr, message, args);
char* version a "reconcile compiled *DATE:	vypinkipuoni, puoni, avanava, avan vypinki puoni, puoni printi(acter, "\uri), probleme a TNUS;
// globally accessible evitonee	problems # TRUE;
BOOL QUINE - FALSE:	// warning message - error doing system operation
BOOL QUIEL = FALSE; POOL DOUDATE = FALSE; BOOL problems = FALSE;	void fileSystemMessage(const thar* verb, coust thar* filename)
// top level routine	char* ermaga
<pre>// top level routine // read, update, reconcile, and write journals</pre>	chart estabu; if (ermo >= eypert) ermo < 0) ermeg = 'uukkoode eror Gudber', elee
	else ermag = sys_errlint(ermo);
static void domitem(void)	MarmingKessage("Onable to is is - is", worb, filename, errang),
Journal*); Journal* pournalstobedone; BOCL toplevel;)
BOOL toplevel:	// fatal error Beesage - program exits
<pre>coplevel = TNUE; journalistobedoce = new Journal(COPYSTRING(**)); wile [journalistobedoce := NULL] [j = journalistobedoce = j-cyrathewst(journal();</pre>	<pre>void FatalWessage(const char* message,) {</pre>
while (journalstobedome := NULL) [j = journalstobedome;	va_list args;
	va_statt(acgs, messaw); fprint/scorr, *PXDL(BCO:\\L *); viprint/scorr, messaw, acgs);
j->processjournal(toplevel, journalstabedone);	v[print](stderr, bessage, args); va_end(args);
delete j:	va_end(srqs); fprjutf(scderr, "\u &s exiling\u", version);

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Nate (1) H 19-#	reconcil.cpp
muit(1);	<pre>WarningHessage('%s is not a file or directory', scan); return;</pre>
 // error message - internal problems - program exits)
<pre>void AssertionFailed(const char* file, const int libe)</pre>	// parse program arguments
f iprintfistderr, "FATAL ERROR: program error in BasBdint", file, line); fprintfistderr, "Se estingin", versionj; estifiz;;;;	static void parmearys(int argc, char argv[]]
exit(2):	101 1; const char" scan;
// tell user about program parameters	t InC.1; cross class with a contract modu. boots Int i boot. boots to ectory, boot. waoda; boot. waoda;
mtatic void tell(void)	BOOL rmode; BOOL wmode;
fprintf(stderr, "Asyntax: reconcile -options) [[-mode] [directory file]]	BOOL amode;
<pre>print(scdert, '\n'); fprint(scderr, - directory - use a local directory and its internal journal(n'); fprint(scderr, - file - use an external journal file, or '-' for standard input/</pre>	<pre>booxD1 = FALSE; booxD1 = FALSE; rmds = vacds = cacds = 7ALSE; rpo.tacpfier(1)=k(climHor)]; for each = scrop(1=+); for each = scrop(1=+); i = f = scrop(1=+); i =</pre>
<pre>dupu(in'); fnrintfatderr. * if no directory or file is given, **.** is used\n*);</pre>	now, stamptime (time (EtimeNow)): for $(1 = 1; 1 < argc;)$ [
tprint(stderr, '\n');	<pre>scan = argv[1++]; if [scan[4] == '-' && scan[1] != '\0'} (scan++;</pre>
<pre>tprint(stderr</pre>	1 [12000; == 2 2 (2001) 1 + \V+ 1 (
<pre>fprintf(stderr, "\n"): fprintf(stderr, = -options(\n"); fprintf(stderr, = - o = no tile updating (DK to update journals)\n");</pre>	case fr': moder ∎ TNUD; break; case fw':
fprintflatderr, * -g gulet - print only error messages(n*);	whode s TRUE:
<pre>fprint(stderr,h print this help text, do nothing else\n^); tprintf(stderr,a sitename - abandon site\n^); }</pre>	break: case of: omode ≥ 10005;
// uarameter paraing	brask;
// create new site given directory or file name	quiet - TRVE; break/
void makenewsite(BOOL HRODe, BOOL WHODE, BOOL OHODE, CODET Char* scan)	case 'n': noupdate = TRUE: break:
(attuct stat obj	break; cc = sal(); esl(); esl(); cc = t (exan(); = s ^\0', IL i < argc); cc = t (exan(); = s ^\0', IL i < argc);
if pecan(d) == '- if eccn(1) == '\0') Bb.ec.mode = 5.TPRO(3) else if (ecc(e), APD cool and verice only means create a file i bb.ec.mode = 5.TPRO(exit(0); case (a';
<pre>else if [stat(stat, isb) < 0) { if (waode) // not found and write only means create a file .</pre>	ecan = argv(1++); Texastra, Villatta(mran);
	acan - *; break; default: fprint(toter, "Gokpown mwitch to ignored.\n", scan1D]);
FileSysteeNessage("LLCG", sCAD); Feturn; }	<pre>default: fprintf(stderr, 'Unknown switch %c ignored.\n", sCan101;;</pre>
) switch {(sh.st_mode & S_IFNT) {	fprintf(#LOWFT, "Unknown mwitch we ignorma.(n", mcaniul); } }
sulle (IB) SELDHORE & L.IVITI (case SITNEG: new RemoteSite(acan, made, weode); licestr	else (bGotDirectory = TRUE)
case 5_1FDIR: 	makenewsite(Inode, wmode, dnode, scat); Inode = wmode = cmode = FALSE: 1
break; default:	
Image: second	All and a second of a size bailor resonance of the second
// main - command line interface	
void main(int argc, char* argv[]]	// includes
(// weip problew = FALSE, proupdate = FALSE, quiet = FALSE, quiet = FALSE, it (problems) = f(1);	éinclude "atdio.ls" esclude "atdio.ls" esclude "statis.ls" esclude "ctape.ls" esclude "ctape.ls"
$p_{cupdate = FALSE;}$ $q_{uiec = FALSE;}$	einclude "ctype.h" einclude "ctype.h"
if (problems) exit();	einclude "reconcil.b"
// run the program if (toutec) fprincfacder, "san", version);	<pre>enclude "second.b" facture "Lawrup.b" facture "Lawrup.b" facture "Lawrup.b" facture "Lawrup.b" facture "Lawrup.b" facture "Lawrup.b"</pre>
	einclude "filesys.h"
dosites(); if (hrobies if (quiet) fprintf(stderr, "Sucressful reconciliation\n");	// Site code
// cleanup Site://emetalfox()	Site' Site: firstaite - NUL; int Site: nextmak = 1;
Site:::eectBites[]) Site:::eectBites[]) RobelBite:::eectBites[]; VerityeverythingTowd[];	File: Sile(BOOL rande, BOOL vende)
•x11(0);	' PASE = DEREMARK: Destanak 1.
	metamit
	Size:-Site(void)
	it (sitename = MULL) it (satelit = MULL) dajet extribut
	delece pertsite; }
	// define site name
	// xxx meeds to be fixed to make mite manes consistent
	<pre>void Site::setsivesee(const chat* sitenamearg) (</pre>
	if (eltensame = NULL) CETCOPY(eltensame, sitemamerg);
	// localsite code

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1941) 1946 - John Jacob, John State opp. Jacob, J. (1949) (1949)	2001
ander and a state of the state opping the state opping the state of th	
<pre></pre>	RemoteSite:=-RemoteSite(vold) { if ()mlname := AULL) REIMEN()mlname);
: Site(mode, whode)	3
Char pathi_NAL_PATHI: Char dyive[_NAL_DATHI]: Char dyive[_NAL_DATHI]: Char this_NAL_PATHI: Char saiNAL_CATH:	// open journal fale
char file_HAX_FWANE;; char file_KAX_FWANE;;	File* RemoteSite:ropenjournal(const char* subdir, const char* mode)
char label144; char result(_MAR_TATH = 14);	if (streep(inlmame, "-") == 0) { switch("mode) {
	suici(fmode) i case "ri return Biogni case "w' return Biogni default returns Biogni
updiselis = 'onode; rostnams = NULL; GTCOPY(rostname, name);	default: FAILORE:
_fullpath(path, name, miteof path); _ep)itpath(path, drive, dir, file, ext);	subdir s subdir; // prevent Warning about aubdir not used
getlabel(dr)ve, label, miteof label); _maxepath(path, NULL, d)r, file, ext);	return fopenijniname, mođej; J
_fulpatipati, name, mitsef path; _ppipatipatipath, drave, dir. (is, ext); gellabelideive, label, astef label; _astepathpath, WL, dtr. (is, ext); appintfremult, "strike", label; path; etcs:commtremult;	// complain about contents of journal file
/ destructor	<pre>void RemoteSite::complainaboutjournalfile(const char* subdit, const char* message, const c har* buff)</pre>
ocalSite::-LocalSite(void)	const char* pathname;
ACLEEN (rootname) ;	<pre>if (stropp)niname, "-") == 0) putDoume = "(standard input)";</pre>
/ open journal file	pathname = jnlname; Warningmeesage("te te te: te:, pathname, subdir, message, buff); }
TLE tocalSite::spenjournal(const char* mibdir, const thar* mode)	,
File journalfile;	-w [*] -
const char* pathname = GETPATHNAME(getrootname); subdir. JournAlFlLE); journalfle = fopen(pathname, mode); AlmadKupetinamu);	
REALINER(partner); return journaitile;	
V complain about contents of journal file	
roid LocalSite::complainaboutjournalfile(const char' subdir, const char' message, const ch	
r* butt)	
const char" pathnape + CETYATNWARE(getrootname(), subdir, JOURNALFILE);	•
WarmingNeesage("%e %s: %4Co", pathname, message, buff); RELACH(pathname);	
/ RepoteSite Code	
emoteSite::RemoteSite(const char" name, BOOL mode, 2005, woode) : Site(mode, woode)	
Jalaan + KULL	
GETTOFY ()nliame, name):	,
1921) NGC - Constant of the start opposite of the start o	esinch) New w
01111111111111111111111111111111111111	struct to ta, time_t t;
// timestmp.cpp - time stamping and comparison // // //	Ca.ta_sec = sc) ta.ta_sia = sc)
// Defines class TimeStamp. //	ta, ta hour + hri
	ta.ta_mday = dy; ta.ta_mon = mo - 1;
/ includes	La.CE_Yest = Yr + DDCADE; La.CE_yest = -1;
include "time.b"	$t = mktime(\delta tm);$ if $(t < 0)$
include "sime.b"	t = mtitume(La); if (< 0) Fatalkeessge("Utable to compute time"); return t;
)nclude "cimerin"	t = nat.oj if Palikemspet"Chable to compute time"; return t; ;
include "sime.b"	E = matime(ids); if (c = 0) return f: } // get 3-digit mamber
Include "claw.b" Include "claw.b" Include "twennel.b" Include "claweng.b" Gefine Statute 40	<pre>t = nation(ids); if [ration(ids); if [ration(ids)]; return t; } // get 3-digit number static BOC, ecidigits (unsigned that "value, const that "buff) t t </pre>
))Delude "cimerila"	<pre>t = network(Lap); if (t < 0) returns t; } // get 3-digit mamber static BOCL exclipits (unablered char "value, come char "buff) if ("mott < 70"; 1 = "baff > "9" (1 = "(baff + 1) < "0" (1 = (baff + 1) > "9") "unable() ("baff > "0) = 10 = ("(baff + 1) < "0"));</pre>
Include "clar.b" Include "record.b" Include "record.b" Include "taketter Series Deckie #0 // inastaap now; // time of this program two	t = nettogital); if pathemasoge("Gabble to compute time"); return t; // get =-digit number static Book, get2dig(s(usigned char "value, const char "buff) if ("motion", "("")] "buff > 19 (1) ("buff + 1) < 19 (1) ("buff + 1) > 19 ()
Treater for a former of this program form Treater of the set of this program form Treater of the set of this program form Treater of this program form	<pre>t = network(Lap); if (t < 0) returns t; } // get 3-digit mamber static BOCL exclipits (unablered char "value, come char "buff) if ("mott < 70"; 1 = "baff > "9" (1 = "(baff + 1) < "0" (1 = (baff + 1) > "9") "unable() ("baff > "0) = 10 = ("(baff + 1) < "0"));</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "record.l.n" include</pre>	<pre>t = nation(ids), if t = nation(ids), if t = nation(ids), return t, return t, } // get 3-digit number static BOCL colligits (unsidend that "value, const that "buff) i if ("port.'d'o', i = "soft > '9' i ! = (boff - 1) < '0' (! = (boff + 1) > '9') return fLEED; "value = (("boff - '0') * 10 - ("(boff - 1) - '0')); return TAUED;)</pre>
Include "clar.b" Include "clar.b" Include "record.b" Include "texts.b" Include "texts.b" // text of this program fun // clare of this program fun Include texts.b"	<pre>t = nation(ide); if t = hall message("Gaable to compute cine"); return t; } // get 3-digit message acad: Book getSdigitAlumigned char *walue, comt char *buff) i f (fourt : 'o' 1 = "buff > '9' 11 *[buff + 1] < '0' (1 *(buff + 1] > '9') return TALED * value = (("buff - '0') + 10 = (*(buff + 1) - '0')); return TALED // get date from buffer Book Taleshap::parametate(comt char* buff) (</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "record.l.n" include</pre>	<pre>t = nation(ide); if f tail(sets); return 5; // get 2-digit number exters 5; // get 2-digit number exters 50.0000 (get3)(get3)(get4)(get4); f (returt < '0' 1 'bet1 > '0' 1 'bet1 + 1) < '0' ('bet1 + 1] > '0') return 70.000 (f 'bet1 + 0') + 10 = ("(bet1 + 1) < '0' ()); // get data from bufter modo fisestamp:sparediate(coast chaf' buft) { // uniquest char exetury, year, modth, day; // coast from bufter // uniquest char exetury, year, modth, day; // coast from bufter</pre>
Include "clash.b" Include "clash.b" Include "reconcil.n" Include "reconcil.n" Include "reconcil.n" Include "reconcil.n" // clash of this program fun // clash onv (lostang) reconcil.n (reconcil.new (lostang) (reconcil.new (lostang) (rec	<pre>t = nation(ide); if f tail(sets); return 5; // get 2-digit number exters 5; // get 2-digit number exters 50.0000 (get3)(get3)(get4)(get4); f (returt < '0' 1 'bet1 > '0' 1 'bet1 + 1) < '0' ('bet1 + 1] > '0') return 70.000 (f 'bet1 + 0') + 10 = ("(bet1 + 1) < '0' ()); // get data from bufter modo fisestamp:sparediate(coast chaf' buft) { // uniquest char exetury, year, modth, day; // coast from bufter // uniquest char exetury, year, modth, day; // coast from bufter</pre>
negular resourch.n+ include resourch.n+ include resourch.n+ include resourch.n+ invertine resourch resourch.n+ // class of this program run // class of this program run	<pre>i = nation(ide); if f tail(sets); return 5; // get 2-digit number static Sock_get2d(git(unleged char *value, const char *Duff) i (returt c, '0' 'Duff > '0' 'Duff + 1) < '0' ('Duff + 1) > '0') return TALED; return TALED; // get data from buffer ROO, "testimap: parendise(const chaf 'Duff) i (unleged char centry, year, mooth, day; // i get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 2) = '/' i (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 2) = '/' i (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 2) = '/' i (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 2) = '/' i (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 2) = '/' i (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 0) = '/O') (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 0) = '/O') (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & "(Duff + 0) = '/O') (get2dists(paren, boff - 0) & & (Duff + 1) = '/' i (get2dists(paren + 0) = DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100); // y (year = 100 - DUDUG i & 100 - DUDUG i &</pre>
Include "clash" Include "clash" Include "record.l.n" Include "record.l.n" Include "record.l.n" Include "record.l.n" // clash solution // cl	<pre>i = nettogitus); if f tailsessage="unable to compute time";; return 5; // get 2-digit number static Book, get3d[dis[usalged char *value, comat char *buff] i [returt c, '0' ; 1 *buff > '0' ! 1 *[buff + 1] < '0' (! *[buff + 1] > '0')</pre>
Include "clash" Include "clash" Include "reconcil.n" Include "reconcil.n" Include "location for the second of	<pre>t = nettog(ide); if f tail(sets); return 5: // get 2-digit number static Book, get2d(gita(uus(gest char *value, const char *buff) if ("pott : '0' 'baff > '9' *[baff + 1] < '0' ('(baff + 1] > '9')</pre>
The Luke "cise.b" The Luke "reconcil.b" The Luke "reconcil.b" The Luke "terror Libert The Stanp now: // time of this program fun // create now Libertamp The Stanp now: // time of this program fun // create now Libertamp New Lawp: The Stanp (cds // create now Libertamp New Lawp: The Stanp (cds // create now Libertamp New Lawp: The Stanp (cds // create now Libertamp Not The Stanp (reset (void) y = 0, y = 0, y = 0, y = 0, y = 0, to ()	<pre>t = net(up); if f tail(set); return 5: // get 2-digit number static Book, get3d[up[up[up[up]] = up[up]]; f (retor : c'0' ' 'buff > '9' 1 *[buff + 1] < '0' (*(buff + 1] > '9')</pre>
<pre>http://de 'fcise.b' http://de 'fcise.b' http://de 'fceconcil.b' http://de</pre>	<pre>t = nettog(ide); if f tail(sets); return 5: // get 2-digit number static Book, get2d(gita(uus(gest char *value, const char *buff) if ("pott : '0' 'baff > '9' *[baff + 1] < '0' ('(baff + 1] > '9')</pre>
Include "clash" Include "clash" Include "reconcil.0" Include "reconcil.0" Include "reconcil.0" Include "clashes.0" // clashes for // cl	<pre>i = nition(ide); if f billsesseq("abble to compute time"); return t: return t: // get 2-duptingturnelessd that "value, comt that "buff) i (read", '2', i *Duff > '9' ! *[Duff = 1] < '0' (*[Duff + 1] > '9') *reales - ('Duff - '0') * 16 = (*(buff = 1] < '0' (*[Duff + 1] > '9') *reales - ('Duff - '0') * 16 = (*(buff = 1] - '0'); requer TMUE // get date from buffer BOOL Thestingp.parendite(cost that" buff) i umsigned that century, year. month, day; uhlie '('ums', 10' - 'DUGD() & 100; // i ('evedicies(instant), buff - 1) is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i ('evedicies(instant), buff - 1) is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day) = 'TAASTMAT o = oocsi.</pre>
Include "clash" Include "clash" Include "reconcil.e" Include "reconcil.e" Include "reconcil.e" Include "clashes.e" // clashes for a clashes // clashes for a clashes // clashe for a clashes // clashes	<pre>i = nettodiaci if f valienses return t: // get 2-digit number exacts to the second of the second of the second of the second exacts book each of the second of the se</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "reconcil.e" include</pre>	<pre>i = nition(ide); if f billsesseq("abble to compute time"); return t: return t: // get 2-duptingturnelessd that "value, comt that "buff) i (read", '2', i *Duff > '9' ! *[Duff = 1] < '0' (*[Duff + 1] > '9') *reales - ('Duff - '0') * 16 = (*(buff = 1] < '0' (*[Duff + 1] > '9') *reales - ('Duff - '0') * 16 = (*(buff = 1] - '0'); requer TMUE // get date from buffer BOOL Thestingp.parendite(cost that" buff) i umsigned that century, year. month, day; uhlie '('ums', 10' - 'DUGD() & 100; // i ('evedicies(instant), buff - 1) is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i ('evedicies(instant), buff - 1) is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day), buff + 0 is i *[buff + 3] = *'/' i de getCallatie(day) = 'TAASTMAT o = oocsi.</pre>
<pre>include "class.b" include "reconcil.e" include "reconcil.e" include "reconcil.e" include "incluster.e" incluster incluster.e" // class incluster incluster.e" // class incluster incluster.e" // class incluster.em //</pre>	<pre>i = nitio(ide); if f bill return t: return t: // get 3-digit number scale Book excluding number scale Book excluding number i (rowrf - '0') i 'ber (> '0') i ' (boff + 1) < '0' ('(boff + 1) > '9') 'roube - ('Theff - '0') > 10 - (*(boff + 1) < '0' ('(boff + 1) > '9') 'roube - ('Theff - '0') > 10 - (*(boff + 1) < '0' ('(boff + 1) > '9') 'roube - ('Theff - '0') > 10 - (*(boff + 1) < '0' ('(boff + 1) > '9') 'roube - ('1'boff - '0') > 10 - (*(boff + 1) < '0' ('(boff + 1) > '9') 'roube - ('1'boff - '0') > 10 - (*(boff + 1) - '0'); // get dats from hufter BOOL ThestLapp.paradLeicecost Clair Duff) (unaiged char centry, year. mooth, day) dili = (*ouff - ') > 10 + (') = (*(boff + 0) = - '/' i get2diditie(ident), boff - 3) i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 3 i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 7 i i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 7 i i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident), boff - 7 i i i i *(boff + 3) = - '/' i d get2diditie(ident) = 0 - Theory - Theory</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "reconcil.e" include</pre>	<pre>i = nationalizations if f balances return t: // get 2-dugit number exacts body excluding a undersed that "waine, comet that "buff) // get 2-dugit number exacts body excluding a undersed that "value, comet that "buff) // get dats from huffer BOOL filestimage, parametics(comet that" buff) // get dats(stimeter), buff + 0 is er/(r) is er/(r) if (get2dist(stimeter), buff + 0 is er/(r) if (get2dist(stimeter)) if (get2dist(stimeter)) i</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "reconcil.e" include</pre>	<pre>i = nition; if f billerseque("Dable to compute time"); return t: // get 2-dugit number exacte Soc.exclique(numberse ther "value, conte that "buff) i (reart - dr) "Daff > "0" 1 * [Daff = 1) < "0" (] * [Daff + 1] > "9") "rubes - ("Daff - 0") + 10 - ("(Daff + 1) < "0" (] * [Daff + 1] > "9") "rubes - ("Daff - 0") + 10 - ("(Daff + 1) - "0"); networn TAUE // get dats from huffer BOOL Finestiany.paraskie(const that" buff) i ussigned that century, year. month day; uklie ("duff = -1") buff+-(] i = "puff + 2] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 2] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = "/", i d getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = ",buff + 3] ; f (getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = "puff + 3] = ",buff + 3] = ",buff + 3] ; f (getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = ",buff + 3] = ",buff + 3] = ",buff + 3] ; f (getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = ",buff + 3] = ",buff + 3] = ",buff + 3] ; f (getZdistie(desth, buff + 3) i = ",buff + 5] ; f (getZdistie(desth, buff + 5] ; f (getZdistie(desth + buff + 5] ; f (getZdistie(desth + buff)</pre>
<pre>include "class.b" include "reconcll.b" include</pre>	<pre>i = nationality :</pre>
<pre>include "cise.b" include "reconcil.e" include</pre>	<pre>i = nition(ide); if f billsessep("Gabble to compute time"); return t: return t: // get 2-digit number excite Sol, excluding(arium/gabs that "wile, comt char "buff) i (read", 'd', i 'bill > 'b' () * [b (f + 1) < '0' () * (b (f + 1) > 'p')) return TAUL // get dats from huffer BOOL Piesetamp, parametice(comt char" buff) (ussigned char century, year, month, day) usigned char century, year, month, day = 'b'' i d get2digt(st(dawar, boff + 0) = 't'' i d get2digt(st(dawar, boff + 0) = 't'') i d get2digt(st(dawar, boff + 0) = 't''') i d get2digt(st(dawar, boff + 0) = 't''') i d get2digt(st(dawar, boff + 0) = 't''') i d g</pre>
<pre>include "class.b" include "reconcll.b" include</pre>	<pre>i = nationalization = for the set of th</pre>

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1991 - Angel Maria Maria, and the support of the	teent taan
sc = sec: (etcm TRUE;	wise if $\{(c = ts1, tc) = ts2, ts0\} \in C\}$ $i \neq j/ino meed to continue e) set \{(c = ts1, sc = ts2, sc) \in C\}$
return FALSE:	: // no need to continue return of
// put separator and two digits into buffer	// future time stamp
static word put2digits[char* buff, fur wal]	void TimeStamp::getpart(const int months)
buff(0) = (val + 10) = (0); buff(0) = (val + 10) = (0);	Virging instantiant (second second se
// format date	yr -= 1;
chart TimeStanpi (Bhowdate(Void)) static char buff(31); char top t buff;	(γ) = con/.dy/ bar = con/.hr/ nd = con/.hr/ nd = con/.hr/ nd = con/.hr/
11 (yr / 100)= 0) { put2dipits(bp. (yr + YEARSTART) / 100); bp.+-2))
puciaigicaigicaigicaigicaigicaigicaigicai	
putZigija() putZigij()[bp + 6, dy); bp[8] = '\0'; recurn buf;	
3	
// format time	
char* TimeStampicanowtLnw(vold)	·**
static char buff(9);	
putldigits(huff + 0, hr);	•
but(13] = '-'; put2digitm(but + 3, mn); but(15] = '-';	
put2digitsHubf + 6, sc): suff#i = '\0'; return buf1	
, ,	
// compare two timestamps	
<pre>int comparetimes(const TimeStampi tel, const TimeStampi tel)</pre>	

Having above indicated a preferred embodiment of the present invention, it will occur to those skilled in the art that modifications and alternatives can be practiced within the spirit of the invention. It is accordingly intended to define the scope of the invention only as indicated in the following 5 claims.

What is claimed is:

1. In a computer system not utilizing a global database, but rather utilizing a collection of local databases, none of which serve as a central collection point, in which files are 10 stored and modified at memory devices at multiple locations, apparatus for permitting the creation of new versions of a file at one location without knowledge of whether conflicting versions are created at another location, comprising: 15

- a portable memory device transportable between locations on which a file version is stored; and,
- means for safely permitting reconciling different versions of a file transported from location to location on said portable memory device, said reconciling means²⁰ including
- means at first and second locations for generating a log entry at its respective location, each of said log entries including a time stamp for the version of said file on said portable memory device at said location, said timestamp serving as a unique identifier regardless of the time indicated thereby, thus to create a history of version creation and modification for said file at said first and second locations;

- means at said first location for entering said log entry into said portable memory device;
- means at said second location for reading out the log entry on said portable memory device and for combining the log entry from said portable memory device and a log entry at said second location so as to compare both modified versions and respective timestamps to indentify missing entries or confliction updates represented by different timestamps and thus the existence of different versions of said file;
- means at said second location and upon said identification of different versions of said file for determining actions necessary to synchronize said different versions; and,
- means at said second location for determining if such synchronizing action would result in loss of information, whereby combination of all versions of said file may be safely accomplished at said second location.

2. The apparatus of claim 1, and further including means for performing the determined synchronizing actions by copying or deleting files.

3. The apparatus of claim 2, and further including means for notifying the user if said synchronizing actions would result in loss of information.

4. The apparatus of claim 1, and further including means for purging obsolete log entries by purging a first entry if there exists a subsequent entry for the same file and if that subsequent entry is available at all other locations.

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